GETTYSBURG COMPILER.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 22, 1867. 50TH YEAR.--NO. 7.

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—Two DOLLARS per annum *in advance*—Two DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-House, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

EDWARD B. BUEHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, (Office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay, suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

WM. A. DUNCAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.
Office in North-west corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 15, 1867. tf

Dr. COOK,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia,
" J. C. Morgan, M. D. "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq., "
Rev. I. A. Ross, Hanover, Pa.
Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle street, second door from Central Hotel.
April 15, 1867. 1y

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL'S
OFFICE AND DWELLING, A few doors from the N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near the Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 15, 1867.

Dr. W. J. McCLURE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, Having permanently located in New Oxford, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.
May 20, 1867. tf

Dr. D. S. PEFFER,
ABBOTTSTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, Continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.
Oct. 3, 1861. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.
April 2, 1866. tf

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,
DENTIST, Has his office one door west of the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D. Prof. M. L. Stoever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

GLOBE INN,

YORK STREET, NEAR THE DIAMOND,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive ostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square.
SAMUEL WOLF.
April 4, 1861. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors. There is commodious Stabling attached, with an accommodating ostler always on hand.
This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.
Jan. 14, 1867. tf

RAILROAD HOUSE,

NEAR THE STATION,
HANOVER, YORK COUNTY PA.,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot, Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.
Oct. 2, 1865. tf

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25 AND 27 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Opposite Bowling Green,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

THE STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.
THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodation for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,
July 1, 1867. 6m Proprietors.

DR. R. HORNER.

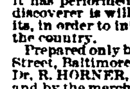
DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.
Gettysburg, Pa.

HIS own preparations are all guaranteed to answer the purposes intended.
Dr. R. Horner's ANTI-CHOLERA and DIARRHŒA MIXTURE, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.
OLIEN for Chapped Hands.
FRAGRANT MYRRH, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.
HORNER'S ALTERATIVE POWDERS, for Horses ... are superior to any in the market.
PURE LIQUORS for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.
Medical advice without charge.
June 10, 1867. tf

DR. L. J. GROVE'S

UNIVERSAL

Magnetic Salve and Plaster.



This deservedly popular remedy, having been greatly improved, is now offered to the citizens of Adams county.
The many thousands who are daily using it, testify to its magical virtues in the early stages of *Consumption, Coughs, local Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Jaw and Tooth Ache, Weakness and Pain in the Back, Side and Kidneys, Cancer, Scrofula, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Sore or Inflamed Breasts, Inverted Toe Nails, Corns, Bunions, &c., &c.*
Its mysterious virtues, and the wonderful cures it has performed, might be published; but the discoverer is willing to rely on its intrinsic merits, in order to introduce it into every family in the country.
Prepared only by the proprietor, 255 E. Lombard Street, Baltimore, and sold by A. D. BUEHLER, Dr. R. HORNER, and J. S. FORNEY, Gettysburg, and by the merchants of the county.
REFERENCES:—Henry Culp of P., Andrew Schick, John Winebrenner, J. L. Schick.
Merchants can get a supply by calling at J. WINEBRENNER'S at Wholesale Prices.
Aug. 5, 1867. 1y

IN my absence, there will always be a thoroughly competent operator in charge of the Excelsior Gallery, and work of all kinds and under all circumstances must give satisfaction before it can leave our rooms. C. J. TYSON.

NEW COACH SHOPS.

YANTIS, ADAMS & CO.,
LITTLESTOWN, PA.

WE take this method of informing the public that we have established new Coach Shops at Littlestown, where we are prepared to manufacture to order all kinds of BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SULKIES, &c., on the shortest notice and most accommodating terms. Our hands have been procured from Baltimore, and, as we use none but choice material, we can put up work to compete with any shop in the State. Old work repaired and taken in exchange for new.
Aug. 30, 1867. tf

NEW FIRM.

AT THE OLD STAND,
[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I HAVE associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.
Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage.
D. McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Leathers,
Horn Saddles,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars, (leather,) " " (ticking,)
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	No Seam Collars,
Wagon Saddles,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched,
Martingals,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Plaited Team Whips,
Heavy Draught Harness,	Trotting Whips,
Blind Bridles,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Girths,	Whip Lashes,
Cruppers,	Horse Blankets, &c., &c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first-class general horse-furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in the establishment for the last thirty years.)
We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draught and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.
Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself. D. McCREARY & SON.
Feb. 5, 1866. tf

STILL AT WORK.

THE undersigned continues the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
in all its branches, at his old stand, in EAST MIDDLE STREET, GETTYSBURG.
NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.
FALLING AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale.
Dec. 7, 1863. JACOB TROXEL.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP are now building a variety of
COACH WORK,
of the latest and most approved styles,
and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.
All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.
REPAIRING IN EVERY BRANCH
done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.
P. J. TATE,
W. E. CULP.
March 19, 1866. tf

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,
AT THEIR OLD STAND,
In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,
where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,
which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
REPAIRING DONE WITH DESPATCH,
and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
DANNER & ZIEGLER.
July 10, 1865. tf

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS,
On Baltimore Street, opposite the Court-House,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
Every description of work executed in the
FINEST STYLE OF THE ART
June 4, 1865. tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having thoroughly repaired his Grist and Saw Mill, formerly "McIlhenny's Mill," on Marsh Creek, is prepared to do GRINDING and SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood and will guarantee satisfaction. Give him a call. GEORGE GINGELL.
June 10, 1867. tf

Great National Telegraphic

AND
COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE,
Nos. 809 and 811 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

REMOVAL
To the Finest College Rooms in the City.
Part of the Second and the whole of the Third and Fourth Floors of
BANK OF REPUBLIC BUILDINGS,
nearly opposite the Continental Hotel.
The best organized and conducted Business College in the city.
The Corps of Teachers has no superior.
Education for the Counting-room in the shortest possible time consistent with the interests of the student.
Send for Circular, TAYLOR & SEARCH.
Oct. 25, 1867.

Money, Free as Water.

10,000 ACTIVE Local and Traveling Agents, Male or Female, of all ages, are wanted to solicit trade in every City, Town, Village, Hamlet, Workshop and Factory throughout the entire world, for the most saleable novelties ever known.—500 PER CENT. PROFIT and READY SALE WHEREVER OFFERED!! Smart men and women can make from $5 to $50 per day, and no risk of loss! A small capital required of from $20 to $100—the more money invested the greater the profit. No Money required in advance—we first send the articles and receive pay afterwards! If you actually wish to make money rapidly and easily, write for full particulars and address
MILNOR & CO., (From Paris,)
210 Broadway, New York City.
Feb. 25, 1867.

Administratrix's Notice.

JACOB BOLLINGER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Bollinger, late of Cumberland township, Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ANNA MARIA BOLLINGER,
Oct. 4, 1867. 6t Administratrix.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior. It still stands in the same old place, on York street opposite the Bank Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

LUMBER, COAL,

STOVES, TIN-WARE, &C.

Corner of Carlisle Street and the Railroad,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

AN IMMENSE STOCK!

IN order to give the public something like an adequate idea of the immense stock of Lumber, Coal, Stoves, Tin-ware, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by the undersigned, at his establishment, in Carlisle street, across the Railroad from the Passenger Station, he would enumerate as far as the limits of a newspaper advertisement will allow:

IN THE LUMBER LINE:

Boards and Plank of every grade, from cullings to panel, Joists and Scantling, pine and hemlock, Siding, planed and unplaned, Flooring, Shingles, Shingle Laths, Plastering Laths, Pickets, ready-made Doors and Sash, Blinds and Shutters,—in fact, everything used for building purposes.

IN THE COAL LINE:

Shamokin White Ash and Lykens' Valley Red Ash, these two varieties being the purest and best for all domestic purposes. Also the very best Broad-top and Allegheny Smith Coal.

IN THE STOVE LINE:

Waverly, Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Barley Sheaf, Oriental, Stewart's Cook, Ornamental, Excelsior, Prince Royal and the Emerald Cooking Stoves, all for coal or wood. These varieties are a selection from the best and most popular Cooking Stoves the market affords, and are all warranted to give entire satisfaction. Also, a very large variety of Parlor, Saloon and Shop Stoves, for coal or wood, including the celebrated Morning Glory, the Vulcan, Oval Meteor, Round Meteor, Dial, Violet, Gem, Regulator, Comet, Egg, New Egg, Parlor Cook, &c., &c. Fire Brick and Grates, for coal or wood, always on hand.

IN THE TIN-WARE LINE:

The assortment embraces everything necessary for kitchen or household purposes, including a large number of convenient yet cheap articles of new design which must be seen to be appreciated. The stock is so large and varied that those who have not visited the establishment have no conception of its extent. In addition to the ordinary kitchen utensils, it includes Bathing Vessels, Toilet Chamber Sets, plain and fancy, Chamber Buckets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Deed Boxes, Spittoons, Tumbler Drainers, Bill-head Boxes, Waiters, Ale Carriers, Water Coolers, Slaw Cutters, Nurse Lamps, Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Patent Nutmeg Graters, Comb Cases, Gen. Grant Plates and A B C Plates, Ash Buckets, Flour Sieves, Bird Cages, Spout Heads, Coffee Mills, Lanterns, Basting Spoons, Large Forks, Candle Sticks, Candle Moulds, Copper Dippers, Wrought-iron Frying Pans, Smoothing Irons, Foot Scrapers, Coffee Roasters, Waffle Irons, Snuffers, Dinner and Auctioneer Bells, Egg Beaters, Oilers, Fluted Funnels, Cool Sieves, Glass-top Fruit Cans, Plain-top Fruit Cans, Self-sealing Jars, &c., &c. Tin-ware made to order, and repairing promptly attended to, by the best of workmen.

IN THE HOLLOW-WARE LINE:

Cast-iron Pots, of every size and variety, for stoves, Porcelain Kettles, for cooking and preserving, Tin-lined Kettles for ditto, Cast-iron Stew Pans, of every size and variety, Porcelain and tinned, with a thousand and one other articles impossible to enumerate in an advertisement.

Attention is specially directed to three valuable patents for which he is agent, and about which there is no humbug, as can be attested by scores who have used them, viz: THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES-WRINGER, DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE, and the celebrated DIAMOND CHURN.

The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices. He guarantees to sell everything in his line at exceeding low figures. Come and see, to gratify your curiosity, if you do not want to buy. No trouble to show goods.
July 1, 1867. C. H. BUEHLER.

BRINKERHOFF'S

Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner.

THE undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patantee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.
Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition.
The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; B. P. Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edwards Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.
From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the New York *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:
"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufactures more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleans, rapidly and easily, at one operation, as fast as the ears can be put into the hopper."
The undersigned is now prepared to dispose of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.
All letters to be addressed to
WM. WIBLE,
P. O. Box 246, Gettysburg, Pa.
March 11, 1867.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER, *on the Hill in Baltimore St., Gettysburg,* has made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the city and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give him a call. His stock consists of GROCERIES, NOTIONS, FLOUR, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Segars and Snuff, SUGAR, COFFEE, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, Best Cider Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.
The Cash or Trade will be given for Country Produce, such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c.
April 8, 1867. tf

TURBINE WATER WHEEL.

HAVING received the agency for the celebrated DR. KINDLEBERGER TURBINE WATER WHEEL, for Adams, Franklin, Cumberland, Bedford and Fulton counties, Pa., and Allegheny, Washington and Frederick counties, Md., we can recommend it as being equal in power and possessing more advantages than any submerged wheel in use. Send for circular. Mill Gearing, Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys, furnished to order.
McDOWELL & BAECHTEL, Agents,
Oct. 4, 1867. 3m Hagerstown, Md.

FOR SALE.

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF PRIME LIMESTONE LAND,
IN CLARK COUNTY, VA.,
one and a half miles from a Railroad Depot; good improvements, well fenced and watered; an abundance of good timber, and so arranged as to divide well into two farms. I have also other farm property for sale, all of which will be sold low, the object being to make a division of the estate. Those in search of land in this section, might do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. For further information, call on or address THOS. N. LUPTON,
Winchester, Va.,
(who is agent for Heirs.)
June 21 1867. tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY

AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the
CARPENTERING BUSINESS,
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage. WM. CHRITZMAN.
June 17, 1867. tf

Photograph Albums.

THE largest, most beautiful and cheapest lot of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS ever offered in Gettysburg, just received at the EXCELSIOR GALLERY. Albums holding 50 Pictures only $1 75. Our stock comprises over 30 different styles, among which are the celebrated everlasting Chain and Hinge Back. These Albums we have bought low and are determined to sell lower than the same qualities can be bought anywhere in this county or out of it. C. J. TYSON.
Jan. 28, 1867.

GOOD for the eyes, to call and look through the Extensive stock of all kinds of Coats, a variety of Pants and neat styles of Vests at PICKING'S.

FOR White Goods, Ruffling, Edgings and Trimmings, go to ROW & WOODS'.

J. M. WARNER'S

FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONERY STORE,
Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
CALL AND EXAMINE.

Plain Candy,
Fancy do.
Fruits,
Nuts,
Syrups,
Ferena Crackers,
Wine Biscuits,
Mushroon do.,
Fancy Cakes,
Pickles,
Sardines,
Lobsters,
Chow-Chow,
Fire Works,
Pocket Books,
Satchels,
Portfolios,
Writing Desks,
Work Boxes,
China Toys,
Perfumery,
Soaps,
Combs,
Brushes,
Pens & Pencils,
Chess,
Pocket Cutlery,
Jewelry,
Writing Papers,
Envelopes,
Tobacco & Segars.

GROCREY AND LIQUOR STORE.

A LARGE assortment of fine
GROCERIES,
Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market. All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whiskey, &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.
B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters."
Also, SPEER'S GRAPE WINE.
WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore street, Gettysburg.
April 5, 1867. tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of
CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR,
which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.
He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials;
Hats, Boots and Shoes;
Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck-ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;
Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.
He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.
April 29, 1867. tf JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,
No. 308 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

NEW SEGAR STORE.

THE undersigned announces to the citizens of Gettysburg and the vicinity, that he has just opened a
NEW SEGAR STORE,
IN GETTYSBURG.
He will keep on hand the best BRANDS, and *will manufacture for general sale throughout the county.* He will sell at the lowest living prices, and at wholesale and retail.
He is also the agent for the Richmond (Va.) Tobacco Works, and will sell their Chewing Tobacco, at wholesale and retail.
His Store is in Chambersburg street, a half square west of the Eagle Hotel, on the south side.
WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.
Oct. 25, 1867. 3m

Forwarding & Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED,
GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.
We are paying the highest market prices for
FLOUR, GRAIN AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.
FLOUR and FEED, SALT, and all kinds of GROCERIES, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.
PLASTER, and all kinds of FERTILIZERS, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.
A REGULAR LINE OF FREIGHT CARS
will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.
CULP & EARNSHAW.
Aug. 13, 1866.

CHOICE TOBACCOS

AT J. M. WARNER'S.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A CONVENTION of the friends of Sabbath Schools in Adams county will be held in GETTYSBURG, the Fourth Week in November inst, commencing on MONDAY EVENING, the 25th, and continuing through TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 26th and 27th. The occasion will be one of great interest and a large attendance is expected.
Rev. Alfred Taylor, Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association, Rev. Dr. Willets, Ex-Gov. Pollock, and other distinguished and eloquent gentlemen from Philadelphia, and elsewhere, will be in attendance and take an active part in the proceedings.
Pastors, Superintendents and friends of Sunday Schools throughout the county will please publish this notice and take proper measures to secure a full attendance.
A programme of the exercises will be prepared for distribution before the day of meeting.
The following Committee of Arrangements has been appointed, viz:
Rev. C. A. HAY, D. D.,
Pastor of Christ Church, Lutheran.
Rev. E. BREIDENBAUGH,
Pastor of St. James' Church Lutheran.
Rev. W. R. H. DEATRICH,
Pastor of German Reformed Church.
Rev. G. W. BOUSE,
Pastor of M. E. Church.
R. G. McCREARY,
Superintendent Presbyterian Sabbath School.
D. A. BUEHLER,
Superintendent Christ Church, Luth. S. School.
J. L. SCHICK,
Superintendent M. E. Sabbath School.
—— DETWILER,
Superintendent St. James' Luth. S. School.
GEORGE GEYER,
Superintendent German Reformed S. School.
—— PALMER,
Superintendent African Sabbath School.
JOHN R. HERSH, New Oxford.
J. A. GARDNER, Philadelphia.
Nov. 1, 1867. 4t

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of McCURDY & DIEHL will please call and settle. If not paid before the 1st of December, the Books will be left in the hands of an officer for collection, without regard to persons.
McCURDY & DIEHL.
Oct. 11, 1867. tf

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle Field, singly, or in sets, very low. Also, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the Battle Field at the Excelsior Gallery. Don't fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

THE rush is for the Excelsior Gallery. All are waited on in rotation and with dispatch.
C. J. TYSON.

PRIME HAMS, first quality, and reasonable in price, can be had at KALBFLEISCH'S.

SPIDERS.

I walked through the garden lilies,
And found in the fairest one
A great black spider, weaving
His shining web in the sun.
Airily, swiftly darting
To and fro as he spun,
Till the glittering mesh was woven,
The silver snare was done.

I saw in the moonlit garden
A lover and maiden meet;
His eyes were true and tender,
And his words how pure and sweet!
Why did I think of my lily—
The very fairest one—
And the great black spider weaving
His cruel web in the sun?

CONCERNING THE SOUL.

A preacher once endeavored to teach some children that their souls would live after they were dead. They heard his words, but did not understand them. He was too abstract; he shot over their heads.

Snatching his watch from his pocket, he said: "James, what is this I hold in my hand?"

"A watch, sir."

"A little clock," said another.

"How do you know it is a watch?"

"It ticks, sir."

"Very well; can any of you hear it tick?"

"Yes, sir, we hear it."

Then he took off the case, and held that in one hand, and the watch in the other.

"Now, children, which is the watch?"

"The little one in your hand, sir."

"Very well, again. Now I will put the case aside—put it away down there, in my hat. Now let us see if you can hear the ticking."

"Yes, sir, we hear it," cried several voices.

"Well, the watch can tick, and go, and keep time, you can see, when the case is off, and put in my hat. So it is with you, my children. Your *body* is nothing *but the case.* The soul is inside. The case may be taken off, and buried in the ground; may be cast into the fire, or thrown into the sea, but the soul will live on just as well without the body, as this watch will keep on ticking when the case is laid aside."

Now, that illustration and that thought will live in the minds of those children forever.

WHAT ARE YOU LIVING FOR?—A pastor walking out recently, met a little girl belonging to his flock. As they walked on together, he spoke to her of her studies, and was pleased to find her manifesting an interest amounting almost to enthusiasm in the cultivation of her mind:

"But why, Ellie," asked the pastor, "are you so anxious to succeed in your studies? What do you expect to do with your education after you get it?"

"Oh sir," said the girl, "I want to learn that I may do some good in the world. I don't want to tell the Lord in the day of judgment that I have lived so long in the world without having done any good in it."

Noble purpose! Who of our young friends are studying and living to so good an end? Who of us are making an impress for good on the hearts and minds of those among whom we move?

GOD COUNTS.—A brother and sister were playing in the dining-room, when their mother set a basket of cakes on the tea-table, and went out.

"How nice they look!" said the boy, reaching to take one. His sister earnestly objected, and even drew back his hand, repeating that it was against their mother's direction.

"She did not count them," said he.

"But perhaps God did," answered the sister.

So he withdrew from the temptation, and, sitting down, seemed to meditate. "You are right," replied he, looking at her with a cheerful yet serious air, "God *does count;* for the Bible says the hairs of our heads are all numbered."

THERE was a dry old fellow out in Jefferson county, in this State, who called one day on the member of Congress elect. The family were at breakfast, and the old man was not in a decent trim to be invited to sit by; but he was hungry, and determined to get an invitation.

"What's the news?" inquired the Congressman.

"Nothing much, but one of my neighbors gave his child such a queer name."

"Ah! and what name was that?"

"Why, Come and Eat."

"*Come and Eat?*"

"Yes, thank you," said the old man. "I don't care if I do," and drew up to the table.

A GENTLEMAN who was about to travel on a French railroad had, at the time of entering the car, an unlighted cigar in his mouth. Observing that there was a lady in the compartment, he was about to replace the cigar in his case, when, lo! from the lady's feet there arose a fierce dog in a threatening attitude. At the same time the lady snatched the cigar from the gentleman's mouth and threw it out of the window, with the remark: "I dislike smokers; they make me ill." The gentleman, with a polite bow, rejoined: "I do not like dogs, they annoy me." Then, seizing the animal by the back of the neck, he pitched him after the cigar.

A GIRL was wronged by a man in Laporte, Indiana. When its full extent became known, she procured a large bowie knife, and sought him out. She found him in an outhouse and sprang upon him. He fled to the house, and she followed. As she ran she picked up some boulders. He fastened himself into a room. She threw a boulder against the pannel, made a breech and then entered. He cowed into a corner, and she slashed away at him miscellaneously, horribly disfiguring him. He finally yielded, crying: "I will marry you, or anything else, if you will only stop." She stopped, and they were married that same night. The excitement brought together a large crowd.

LITTLE MIFFS.—Some editor says that the destiny of the world often hangs on the smallest trifles. A little miff between Charles Bonaparte and his love Letitia might have broken off a marriage that gave birth to Napoleon and the battle of Waterloo. To which a cotemporary adds: "Yes, that is a fact. Suppose a little miff had taken place between Adam and Eve! What then?"

DURING the late political canvass in Massachusetts, the Democratic rallying cry was "Adams and Liberty;" that of the Republicans, "Bullock and Roast Beef."

DEATH IN DOORS.

Multitudes of persons have a great horror of going out of doors for fear of taking cold; if it is a little damp, or a little windy, or a little cold, they wait, and wait, and wait; meanwhile, weeks and even months pass away, and they never, during that whole time, have a single breath of pure air. The result is, they become so enfeebled that their constitutions have no power of resistance; the least thing in the world gives them a cold; even going from one room to another, and before they know it; they have a cold all the time, and this is nothing more or less than consumption. Whereas, if an opposite practice had been followed of going out for an hour or two every day, regardless of the weather, so it is not actully falling rain, a very different result would have taken place.

Shut your mouth in going from a cold to hot atmosphere, as well as the reverse; this simple operation brings the temperature of either a cold or hot air to the natural standard before it reaches the lungs, by making it take the circuit of the head; whereas, if the mouth is kept open, it dashes down upon the lungs like a shock. Whether asleep or awake, we should accustom ourselves to keep the mouth shut; the advantage in our sleeping hours is that we do not snore, we do not have the night mare, flies, bugs, and spiders do not crawl down the throat, and we do not tell tales in dreams; the benefits in the daytime are that it induces a more healthful, deep, full, and free action of the lungs, prevents innumerable chills and colds, and saves many a domestic sorrow.—*Dr. Hall's Journal of Health.*

A GOOD LOVE STORY.—An Ohio paper tells the following novel story: A young couple planned an elopement, the girl descended from her room on the traditional ladder, but at the gate they were met by the father of the girl and a minister, by whom the young couple were escorted to the parlor, where, to their surprise, they found all their relatives collected for the marraige ceremony, which took place at once. It was a neat paternal freak, but not near as neat as that of a "fond parient" we know of. He heard his daughter and her fellow plan an elopement. The next day the old man waited upon the young one, and addressed him thus:

"You're a fine, brave youth, and I don't object to you as a son-in-law.—Here's a hundred dollars to aid in elopement. May you live happily in the same house, and no accident occur to throw the least shade on the sunshine of your life. All I request is, that you elope with my daughter—she's a mighty nice girl, you know, but somehow her mother and I could never travel smoothly with her—we don't know her good points—elope with her to such a distance that she won't return to her loving father and mother any more. Good bye, sonny, and may you be happy."

There was an elopement that evening of one. The young man was unaccompanied. He thought everything couldn't be right when the old cock was so anxious to get rid of the girl. The father looks upon this act as a very neat bit of strategy.

CHARACTERISTIC.—Recently a small, fine-looking, bright boy went into the railroad cars and took a seat. Shortly after a minister came in and took the seat opposite, facing him, when the following conversation ensued: "Well my little lad, what is your name?" said the minister. "My name is James Foot. What is yours?" "William Hand," was the answer. "Where are you going?" asked the minister. "To Rome, sir; and where are you going?" was the response of the boy. The minister could do no less than answer, "To Camden." "How old are you?" was the next question of the minister. "Eight years," replied the boy.—"How old are you, sir?" The minister hesitated, but gave an answer.—"Are you alone?" was the next question of the minister. "O, no," said the boy, pointing to the passengers, "I have plenty of company." "But you have no friends on board to look after you?" asked the minister. "No, sir," said the boy; "have you?" This was not answered, but followed by a little history. "When I was a little boy," said the minister, "my parents would not allow me to go off the farm alone." At this the boy, with an indescribable look, said, "It is different now."

A TOUCHING instance of connubial affection and devotion occurred not long since in New Hampshire. An aged couple, who during half a century of married life had wrangled and quarrelled with each other, were in all probability soon to be separated. The old husband was taken sick, and was believed to be near his end. The old spouse came to his bedside, and after carefully examining and taking stock of his condition, exclaimed:

"Wy, daddy, your feet are cold, and your hands are cold, and your nose is cold!"

"Wa'al, let um be cold!"

"Wy, daddy, you're goin' to die!"

"Wa'al, I guess I know what I'm 'bout!"

"Wy, daddy, wat's to become of *me* if you die?"

"I dunno, and don't care! Wat I want to know is, *wat's to becum of me?*"

At this stage of the colloquy our reporter judged that the correct and delicate thing for him to do would be to retire. He retired.

AN EDITOR TIGHT.—We believe it is rare that editors indulge in a drop, but when they do, their readers are sure to find them out. A cotemporary was called upon to record a "melancholy event" at a time when his head was rather heavy, and did it up after the following manner:

"Yesterday morning at 4 o'clock P. M., a man with a heel on the hole of his stocking committed arsenic by swallowing a dose of suicide. The inquest of the verdict, returned a jury that the facts came to the deceased in accordance with his death. He leaves a child and six small wives to lament the end of his untimely loss. In death we are in the midst of life."

THERE once lived in Georgetown, D. C., a tanner named Anthony Hyde. His sign was as follows:

Hyde's my name,
And hides I buy;
Four cents for green,
Eight cents for dry.

THE oldest newspaper in the world is published in Pekin, China. It is printed on silk and has appeared every week for at least one thousand years.

SPECIAL REPORT.

A Cincinnati paper sent a reporter to the State Fair. Before going he examined a few samples of beer, and this letter was the consequence:—

ON THE TRAIN,
SEPT. SOMETHING, THIS YEAR.

I'm on the train, bound for the fair. Everybody on the train. Fourteen hun'red thousand people on the train going to Dayton. Cincinnati and Dayton R. R. very obliging.—They laid a track to Dayton years ago just for this fair. Splen' road.—Broad or nar' guage, jes' you prefer. I took the broad, but gen'lman sitting' side me is ridin' on the nar'r, cos he bought a nar'r ticket.

Conductor Eckert came along, and told me he wanted fare. Told him if it was State Fair he wanted, I could hand it to him at Dayton—lots of it there. He asked me if I could pay fare. Told him I could if the *fair paid.* He "punched" my ear and went on. (Private to Editors—Better let the following little puff of the road go in. It won't do any hurt, you know:) The C. H. & D. Railroad is good, paying well, pumping several thousand barrels a day. The directors are in good running order, the road bed gentlemanly and obliging, the locomotive among the best financiers in the country, and the conductors roomy, well-ventilated, luxuriously upholstered, and provided with the patent brakes.

Just overtook a long procession of telegraph poles that the Union Telegraph Company is sending up to the fair. Good deal struck with one of them—on the head. Depots waiting all along on the road to get 'board.

A NEGRO DISCUSSION ABOUT EGGS.—In the fairest village of Western New York, the "culled pussens," in emulation of their white brethren, formed a debating society for the purpose of improving their minds by the discussion of instructive and entertaining topics. The deliberations of the society were presided over by a venerable darkey, who performed the duties with the utmost dignity peculiar to his color. The subject for discussion on the occasion of which we write was, "Which am de mudder of the chickens—de hen wot lays de egg, or de hen wat hatches de chick?" The question was warmly debated, and many reasons pro and con were urged and combated by the excited disputants. Those in favor of the latter proposition were evidently in the majority, and the president made no attempt to conceal that his sympathies were with the dominant party.—At length an intelligent darkey arose from the minority side, and begged leave to state a proposition, to this effect: "Spose," said he, "dat you set one dozen duck eggs under a hen, and dey hatch, which am de mudder, de duck or de hen?" This was a poser, was well put, and nonplussed the other side, even staggering the president, who plainly saw the force of the argument, but had committed himself too far to yield without a struggle; so, after cogitating and scratching his wool a few minutes, a bright idea struck him. Rising from his chair, in all the pride of conscious superiority, he announced: "Ducks am not before de house; chickens am de question; derfore I rule de ducks out!" and do it he did, to the complete overthrow of the opponents.

A RAT TAMER.—They have a rat-tamer in Paris named Antoine Leonard. His theatre is a sort of a perch which he sticks in the ground, and then he takes his *corps de ballet* out of his pocket. At his word of command the rats run up and down the perch, hang on three legs, then on two, stand on their heads, and, in fact, go through a series of gymnastic exercises that would put Blondin himself to the blush. His crack actor is a gray rat he has had in his troupe for eleven years; this old fellow not only obeys Leonard, but is personally attached to him. It is a most curious sight to see Leonard put him on the ground and then walk away. The creature runs after him, and invariably catches him, however many turns he may take to avoid him. An Englishman offered fifty francs for him, about two years ago, but Leonard would not separate from his old and attached friend.

HOW TO GET MARRIED FASHIONABLY.—The fashion now is, at church weddings, to stretch a broad white ribbon across the aisle up which the bridal party pass, above which none but invited guests are allowed to sit. The bridesmaids enter in pairs unattended by gentlemen—the groom with his future mother-in-law—the bride with her father. Two of the groomsmen precede the whole party, and the others behind. After the ceremony, each of them gives an arm to one of the maids, as the party leave the church. At least such is the latest Philadelphia fashion.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.—Somebody tells the following joke on that irrepressible genius, George Francis Train: "As an illustration of Mr. Train's intense patriotism, we may relate that he on one occasion sent his wife on a ninety days' voyage from Australia to New York, that their coming child might be born on American soil, as it would become a possible future President of the United States. The journey was a most troublesome one, and the lady came very near being shipwrecked, but at last reached this country in safety. The child was born, and it was a girl."

As a train was approaching Peoria, Ill., the other night, the prairie was discovered to be on fire for miles around. The flames leaped up to the height of thirty feet, and spread for seven or eight miles apparently. The train ran directly through the belt of flame, which extended across the track. The heat was intense, but the current of air, caused by the motion of the train, prevented the cars from being in the least blistered.—The passengers on the train say it was a splendid sight.

A LONDON paper says the plate at Windsor Castle, for the use of her Majesty and the Court, "weighs nearly thirty tons, and that its value may be roughly estimated at £3,000,000. It is secured in stone chambers, with vaulted ceilings, which form part of the original buildings, and are thoroughly proof against burglars."

AN exchange, in speaking of the magical strains of a hand-organ, says:

"When he played 'Old Dog Tray,' we noticed eleven puppies sitting in front of the machine on their haunches, brushing the tears from their eyes with their fore paws."

BEAUTIES OF RADICAL LAW.

The Philadelphia Herald says that on Saturday a prominent business man of that city had occasion to visit his country residence, on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad. He was in a smoking car, when the clouds of tobacco smoke soon so disgusted him that he left it and passed to a rear car, which proved to be a ladies' car, into which the brakesman firmly refused him admittance. On asking the reason, he was informed that it was the ladies' car, and the statement was sufficient. At this moment a burly negro hove in sight and stalked into the car, without a word of challenge from the official. Imagine the blank surprise of the passenger at these performances. He asked the brakesman the reason of this, and received for an answer: "That nigger we are compelled to admit there by law. He has rights that no white man insists upon, and which we are bound to respect." And such is just the case. By law the wives and children of white citizens are compelled to sit beside negroes, whether they like it or not, upon our public ways, and at any time a ladies' car of any of our railroads can be occupied at pleasure by a whole colony of Africans. The Radicals not only recognize negroes as equals, but go a step further and confer upon them legalized superiority.

SCHOOL-WHIPPING IN PENNSYLVANIA.—A judge in Allegheny, Pa., in a school-teacher-whipping boy case brought before him, charged the jury that "it was the duty of the boy to submit to the directions of the teacher, so far as he had capacity to understand them; and if a spirit of insubordination was manifested, the teacher had a right to inflict punishment. There was a sentiment gaining ground in the community that all corporeal punishment in schools was illegal, and that moral suasion only should be used. To this doctrine the Court could not subscribe, for the reason that, if carried out, our schools would soon become disorganized, and their usefulness impaired." His directions to the jury in this case were summed up as follows: "A teacher, in inflicting corporeal punishment upon a pupil, must exercise reasonable judgment and discretion, and must in no case go beyond the limit of moderate castigation, either in degree or mode, and within that limitation must be governed as to the manner and severity of the punishment by the nature of the offense and size and apparent powers of endurance of the pupil." The jury, after a short deliberation, found a verdict of "not guilty," and divided the costs between the prosecutor and the defendant.

SHREWD WAY OF CATCHING THIEVES.—The Paris papers reveal a new style of theft, by which jewelers are losers. The thief first enters the shop of a dealer in diamonds and pearls, and asks to see some small unset stones. He is well dressed, and wears colored spectacles. The stones are laid before him, spread on paper. Being very nearsighted, as his glasses prove, he is obliged to bring his eyes so near to the gems that he can pick them up with the tip of his tongue, and he keeps them in his mouth until out of the shop. If he fears detection, which seldom occurs, he swallows his treasure—whence the slang name of "swallow it raw" given to this class by the thieves' fraternity. One of them was caught the other day. The diamond merchant, put upon his guard, said he had no small stones, but would have a large supply the next day. A policeman was in waiting; the diamonds were laid out upon paper previously impregnated with an extremely bitter drug, which, when the thief put his tongue to them, acted so violently on his sense of taste that he instantly ejected what he had just taken. A policeman appeared and the thief was taken in the act.

THE PEDESTRIAN.—Edward Payson Weston is now engaged in walking from Portland, Me., to Chicago, Ill., a distance of 1236 miles, in 30 consecutive days; he is not to travel Sundays, so that the walking is to be performed in 26 days. He started from Portland on the 29th of October at noon. His route is not direct, as he passes through Providence, R. I., Albany, and Buffalo, N. Y., Erie, Pa., Cleveland, and Springfield, O., Mishanka, Laport and Alumet, Ind. Weston has each day's travel marked on his time table, ranging from 22 to 72 miles per day, and kept 30 to 40 miles ahead of his time. His friends have bet $10,000 on the race, making a purse of $20,000, but he is to forfeit $12,000 of the stakes if he does not travel 100 miles in 24 consecutive hours during the race.

IS DR. LIVINGSTONE ALIVE?—Whether Dr. Livingstone is alive or dead is not yet settled. Once more hope is in the ascendant. The Cape of Good Hope mail, recently arrived in England, brings a letter, in which Mr. J. S. Moffatt, a misionary, expresses a strong hope that his distinguished relative, Dr. Livingstone, is still alive. A report, says Mr. Moffatt, has been received at Zanzibar, of Livingstone's passage through a district "more remote than the place where he was said to have been killed." He thinks that the Malay who returned and reported Dr. Livingstone killed, had merely deserted him.

BOY'S ARM BITTEN OFF BY A HOG.—Near Wooster, Ohio, a boy aged nine years went out to the barn to make a bed for a sow with pigs, and in doing so the animal attacked him ferociously, injuring him almost fatally. He was fearfully bitten and mangled in the knee, legs and arms. His right arm, below the elbow, was literally "chawed up," the bones munged to pieces, leaving the arm hanging by the flesh alone. He managed, however, to escape, and went to the house. Physicians amputated the arm, and at last accounts he was doing finely.

ABBREVIATIONS are not always as intelligible as they should be. A merchant at one of the towns on the Mississippi was astonished, last week, by receiving a bill of lading for "ten boxes of tom. cats." After much cogitation he concluded it must mean ten boxes of tomato catsup.

A WOMAN at Redbridge, R. I., became the mother of two infants one day last week and the following day two more were added to the family. The mother and four badies are doing well, but the father is threatened with insanity.

A YOUNG LADY at school, engaged in the study of grammar, was asked if kiss was a common or proper noun. The girl blushed deeply as she replied in a low tone, that "It was both proper and common."

GEN. WOOD says, in writing from Brazil, that the ladies on being introduced to a stranger, insist upon being embraced, "heart throbbing against heart." Ho for Brazil!

"SAM, why don't you talk to your master and tell him to lay up treasures in heaven?" "What's de use of layin' up treasures dar? He never see um again."

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 22, 1867.

THE LATE ELECTIONS AND CONGRESS.

That the white people of the Eastern, Middle and Western States, in the recent elections rebuked Congress and repudiated its unconstitutional, tyrannical and infamous acts, is a fact beyond reasonable question. The tax payers, tired of the ravings of fanatics, the plottings of office-holding and office hunting knaves and demagogues, and the constant increase of public burdens instead of the decrease which should have followed the return of peace—have arisen in their strength, and said as plainly as they thought was needed, *that these iniquities must stop.*

But will Congress accept the popular verdict, so emphatically expressed, and shape its course accordingly? If it does not, it may look for even a louder and more crushing voice of condemnation at the elections in 1868. The people will not tolerate a longer trifling with their dearest interests by a set of unprincipled "knaves or fools," who in an evil hour obtained control of the nation's affairs.

The views of the Democratic press on this subject are uniform, and expressed in no uncertain way. The *Age*, a leading journal, asks, "Will Congress heed this warning? Will they listen to the tones of condemnation which ring out against their measures from all parts of the land?"—and continues: "Confessedly acting outside of the Constitution, they based the defence of their course upon the will of the people. That was the answer given to all criticism upon their acts and measures. The people have now spoken, and in a manner not easily misunderstood. They have condemned the whole programme of the Radical party. Not a measure upon which the masses could express an opinion at the ballot-box has been endorsed. The people of the North demand that the white race in the South shall be emancipated from negro thraldom, negro insolence and negro rule. They have declared against negro suffrage, North and South, in the most positive and unmistakable manner. They have recorded their verdict in opposition to freedmen's bureaus, and all such contrivances for feeding and clothing worthless negroes at the expense of the over worked and over-taxed white operatives of the North. They ask Congress to liberate the capital of the nation from the bondage of bad laws, and allow it to be useful to its owners and the nation. They claim the right to demand from their servants a reduction of the expenses of the government. Five hundred millions of dollars a year for current expenses in a time of peace is what the people are objecting to at this time, and this, combined with the other counts in the popular indictment against the Radical party, is the basis of the overwhelming verdict which was rendered at the recent elections in the North.

"Will Congress acknowledge the meaning and binding force of the decision *against them, or will they become desperate,* and push on the column of radical 'progress,' regardless of the warning *against such a course uttered from the ballot box?* The people are anxious for *repose in order to meet the pressing demands* of the present hour in a business point of view. They want a united country, and they demand from Congress an entire abandonment of the present programme of the Radical party, and a fresh departure from the standpoint of the recent elections. Will their demands be granted? If not, the next political storm will be more fearful in its character."

The New York *World*, also prominent, declares: "If Congress persists after such a rebuke, it will add impudent defiance to the expressed will of the people to the catalogue of its perfidies to republican principles. We tell these architects of tyranny again, and shall not cease to tell them, that their work will not be permitted to stand. They are like the foolish man in the Scriptures who built his house upon the sand; and the winds blew, and the rains descended and the floods came and beat upon that house, and it fell, and great was the fall thereof. The indescribable impudence of pretending that the reconstruction scheme has, or ever had, the support of the people, or of daring to proceed with it in defiance of their known will, or of thrusting negro suffrage upon the South where their numbers and ignorance render them dangerous, immediately after its vehement rejection by the North where their fewness would render negro suffrage comparatively *safe*,—such insolent defiance alike of consistency and of the people, will meet its due retribution as soon as another election shall put the people in possession of the government. We will concede a great deal to gain now what we shall next year have power to take, but the passions which the Republicans seem determined to provoke and kindle to the utmost in the contest, will prevent any tenderness either to them or their work in the day of their final humiliation."

NO MATTER WHO.

The recent elections indicate that the people of the North have determined to defeat any candidate for the Presidency who will run upon a platform containing an endorsement of the Congressional African plan of Reconstruction. The country cannot bear the ignominy which would attach to its history, if ten millions of whites were to be placed under the dominion of four millions of Negroes. *No matter who may be the candidate* who consents to run upon a platform endorsing this enormity, he will be beaten by the most overwhelming vote ever cast against an aspirant for public office. Military prestige, statesmanship, money, official patronage, nothing under the sun, can save the nominee of the party that endorses Negro Suffrage. In these times, men are nothing, principles everything. The people have given the Radicals timely warning. Will they heed it?

THE Radicals are in an "ugly fix" in regard to the negro. Whilst many of them desire to abandon him, the leaders see that if they let him "slide" they will have no other hobby to "tie to." Either horn of the dilemma has a disastrous look. The "situation" cannot but remind them of a story Lincoln used to tell. He said that one of his neighbors was chased across a field by a fierce bull, and to save himself he made for a tree, but as he had no time to climb it he ran round it, the bull after him. As a matter of safety he seized the animal by the tail and thus they revolved around the tree. He found he was not much safer than before, but dared not give up the tail. Looking up the tree he saw a man who had taken refuge there from the same bull, and in despair he cried out, "Come down, Bill, and help me let go!" So with our Radical friends, they will soon be crying for somebody to "come down" and help them let go of the negro.

[illegible] last yesterday.

DEMOCRACY AND INTELLIGENCE.

After the Pennsylvania election, the New York *Tribune* said: "If there was neither a newspaper nor a common school in the country, the Democratic party would be stronger than it is." If this statement be true, how is it that in the City of New York, where more and abler newspapers are published and read than amongst the same population elsewhere, where the public schools surpass in excellence any in the world, and are attended by one hundred and fifty thousand pupils yearly—how is it that New York rolls up a Democratic majority of 61,000? How is it that Philadelphia, the second city of the Union, with its multitude of newspapers and its splendid system of free education, gives a Democratic majority? How is it that Boston, the centre of refinement and intelligence, the Athens of America, which boasts that it contains more wealth and intelligence than any city of the Union—how is it that Boston gives a Democratic majority? How is it that Baltimore, renowned during half a century for her educated men and beautiful women, gives a Democratic majority of 15,000? How is it that San Francisco, the Queen City of the Pacific slope, the centre from which radiates the new civilization of the far west, how is it that she gives a Democratic majority? It would be useless to add to this list the cities of the West and South, or the smaller cities of Brooklyn, Albany, Lancaster, Harrisburg and others which give Democratic majorities. In view of these facts we challenge contradiction to the assertion that wherever there are newspapers and schools, wherever there is education, intelligence and virtue, there the Democratic party is in the ascendency. If the Republicans will continue to claim all the intelligence in the land, they had better get up a new set of facts.

THE NATIONAL DISGRACE.

We think it is perfectly safe to say that a large majority of those who have habitually voted the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania, are filled with disgust as they read the accounts of the Virginia and Georgia elections. They cannot help seeing that there is nothing but danger and disgrace to be expected from such proceedings. They must know and feel that the States which are thus subjected to the rule of the most ignorant and degraded specimens of an inferior race, must be a dangerous element in the Republic. It needs no argument to show, no array of facts to demonstrate, even to the most thoughtless, that the political and material interests of the entire nation are being imperilled by the mad course of the fanatics in Congress. No one State can be stricken without the wound being felt by all. Ten States of this Union cannot be given over to the rule of barbarian negroes and the rest remain free and prosperous. As well might we expect the human body to continue in health and vigor with an arm crushed or a leg paralized.

GRANT OPENS HIS MOUTH AT LAST.

The Radicals having been driven to the necessity of finding a scape-goat for their political sins in the person of Gen. Grant as their candidate for the Presidency, have sought, hitherto in vain, to wheedle him into the folly of committing himself to their principles. At last they have succeded. They have fairly caught him in their toils. It is now stated on the highest Radical authority, that, "some weeks ago a distinguished Radical politician talked with Gen. Grant about the flattering prospects of the Republican party, with the view of obtaining some impression; but, on the conclusion of his remarks, Grant coolly said, 'What do you think of Marshal Brown's slut's pups?'" This shows, beyond the reach of a peradventure, that Gen. Grant is sound on the Radical goose; and if we can find out just what that "distinguished Radical politician" said about Marshal Brown's "purps," we shall know all about the political opinions, not only of Gen. Grant himself, but of the whole Radical party. We shall no longer be compelled to fight as those who beat the air; but must make up our minds to meet the valiant hosts of our adversaries as they stand defiantly upon the "purp" platform, and do the best we can. With some misgivings, we accept the situation.—*Erie Observer.*

NO CHANCE FOR GRANT AS A RADICAL CANDIDATE.—The New York *Herald*, which has been the most devoted advocate of the claims of General Grant as a Presidential candidate, has a very strong editorial on the "negro Conventions in the Southern States, and their effect on the North," in which it emphatically declares:

If General Grant accepts the Radical nomination upon such a platform as the Radicals now tread *he will be beaten*, despite his national popularity and his masterly reticence. General Scott was defeated when there were similar but minor principles involved, and President Pierce, with all his imbecility, then stepped into power.

The *Herald* sees what is in the future. Any candidate whom the Radicals may put up will be defeated. The people of this country are not prepared to turn the greatest nation in the world over to the wild rule of a set of barbarian negroes, just freed from slavery.

GENERAL GRANT AND THE PRESIDENCY.—The Washington Star says: J. M. Morphis, Esq., editor of a paper in Texas, this morning called at the War Department and had an interview with General Grant. During the conversation Mr. Morphis said to the General that the people in his section were determined to support him for President, and hoped he would be elected. General Grant immediately turned the conversation to another subject. Mr. Morphis again brought up the subject of the presidency and said—"General, we want to run you for President, and I want to know what I can say when I return home." General Grant replied, "Say nothing, sir. I want nothing said."

A LATE telegram to the *Press* says:

Chief-Justice Chase, in conversation with a prominent Southern politician, recently stated that he was not as Radical in fact as in fame, and that he was troubled with a number of indiscreet friends, who act without heeding his advice or the common dictates of prudence.

The Chief-Justice is trying to affect conservatism in view of the late elections. He reminds us of an old couplet, which runs:

When the devil was sick,
The devil a saint would be;
When the devil was well,
The devil a saint was he.

WAIT until the Presidential election, and then—so say the Radicals, with meaning twists of the neck. This is like the beaten school boy threatening his adversary with a big brother, who is coming home from a whaling voyage.

A REPUBLICAN exchange says it does not expect much from Congress this winter; that the time will be taken up in skirmishing for the next Presidential contest. We have not doubt it is quite right. No good thing can be expected from such a gathering of fanatics and corrupt political adventurers.

THE EMPIRE STATE.

Of all the victories achieved by the Democracy this fall, the victory in New York is the most important, the most brilliant. It is the largest, most populous, and most wealthy State in the Union, and wields a powerful influence upon the other States. The result in New York makes it almost certain that the Democrats will elect the next President of the United States. Had this great State, with its 36 Electoral votes, adhered to the enemies of the country, the most sanguine Democrat would have despaired of success in the great contest of 1868. Both parties felt this, and hence it was that the recent contest in New York was carried on with so much vigor, determination and zeal. It was death to the party that was to be defeated.

Never in the history of party warfare was such an effort made as the Negro party made to save New York from the march of the popular upheaving—the great ground swell, that has been manifested in all the elections held this fall. The National Republican Committee, the Congressional Republican Committee, the Colored National Committee, the Equal Rights Committee, with humbug "General" Sheridan as traveling agent, joined the efforts of the Radical State Committee of New York, in the desperate attempt to stay the tide of popular opinion. The State was literally besieged by Radical slangwhangers; and political tracts, filled with sweltering lies, were as numerous as the leaves of Valambrosa. Defeated in nearly all the Northern States, the conspirators piled into New York all the men and money they could rake and scrape together. It was their last card—their last desperate effort to stifle the voice of an honest and betrayed people. Their salvation or destruction depended upon the result, and their all, their last hope was staked upon the issue. All the energies, all the abilities, all the talent, all the cunning, all the means, all the villainy of the party were put into play to save them from the impending ruin "At all hazards, and without regard to means or money, we must save the Empire State," said the conspirators.

But all would not do. The people of New York—a State that had contributed more men and more money to the war than all the New England States combined—had made up their minds, to strike down the infamous and devilish men who compose the Negro-disunion party. Nothing could move them from their purpose; nothing could appease their wrath; nothing would satisfy them but the condemnation and death of the God-defying Negro party. With one heart, one mind, one will, and one sworn determination, the sovereign PEOPLE of New York met their opposers at the polls, and defeated them, horse, foot and dragoons. Nay, not only defeated them, but annihilated them.

Glorious New York!—all honor to the greatest of our States—a State that is an Empire within itself. Will the daredevils in Congress after this response of New York to Pennsylvania, Ohio, Connecticut, California, Maine, Kentucky, Maryland, Delaware and Nevada—will they dare go on in their work of treason? Will they continue to outrage public sentiment and public decency, and put the people at defiance? We trow not. But if they do; if they persist in their treason, then the people will *demand* of President Johnson that stronger measures be used against them. The yeomanry of the country are in no humor to be trifled with longer. They are angry, and in terrible earnest, and have sworn in their hearts that this country shall not be torn to pieces, nor be controlled by semi-barbarian negroes. This is their determination. Let the conspirators then take heed, if they do not desire to feel the people's wrath.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

WHAT WE HAVE GAINED.

The following table will show the important gains made by the Democracy during the year 1867, at the State elections:

California	30,000
Connecticut	2,000
Indiana	25,000
Iowa	8,000
Kansas	10,000
Kentucky	12,000
Maine	16,000
Maryland	30,000
Massachusetts	38,000
Minnesota	6,000
New Hampshire	3,000
New Jersey	16,000
New York	63,000
Ohio	40,000
Pennsylvania	18,000
Vermont	3,000
"West Virginia"	4,000
Wisconsin	19,000
	343,000

In round numbers, Three Hundred and Forty-three Thousand! That will do for the present. It is a notable fact, also, that in not a single State which has held an election this year have the Radicals made a gain. They have lost everywhere and in all.

HEALTH OF MR. STEVENS.—The latest reports from Washington say that Thaddeus Stevens has been very much prostrated since the day after his appearance at Washington. The correspondent of the New York *Herald* says, it is evident that he is in a rapid decline, mentally and physically. His conversation upon subjects which have long occupied his mind is disconnected and broken with frequent pauses, manifesting a great effort to confine himself to a consecutive train of thought. At intervals a gleam of enthusiasm passes over his mind, when he brightens up and utters sentences with vigor and emphasis, but soon relapses into a kind of intellectual torpor. Physically he is greatly emaciated and enfeebled by his recent illness. If Mr. Stevens finds strength sufficient to enable him to attend the sessions of the coming Congress he will be unable to take part in its proceedings, and it is the general impression that it will be his last session. Notwithstanding his reduced condition he uses every effort to converse with his friends and urge upon them a vigorous prosecution of the measures which have been inaugurated under his direction. He says that his health will not permit him to introduce either of the bills he had in view for the coming session. The first—on the subject of universal suffrage—he says he considers will not be passed. The other—respecting the suspension of civil officers, pending the trial for impeachment—he considers necessary for the reason of the absurdity of the arraignment of an officer for crime or misdemeanor, allowing him meanwhile to exercise the functions of his office. In his conversation upon this subject he displays unusual interest, showing a disposition, if it were in his power, to increase the embarrassment of the Radicals by adding the weight of this question to their burdens. Mr. Stevens admits his desire to bring in such a bill; but his inability to vindicate it properly compels him to forego its introduction.

FITZ GREENE HALLECK, the poet, died at Guilford, Conn., on Tuesday night, aged 80 years.

CHARLES DICKENS arrived at Boston on Tuesday.

"ANOTHER JOHNSON."

The overwhelming defeat of the Radicals at the October and November elections, has frightened many of them from their propriety, and causes them to fight shy of the ultra men of their party. The factions which have been under the ban of the extremists, are taking advantage of this "scare," and are recruiting their ranks with great rapidity. The Weed men and the followers of Raymond, in New York, the Curtin men in Pennsylvania, and the Binghamites in the West, have all taken the cue, and are working away with great zeal and energy to recover their ascendancy in the Republican party. In order to accomplish their purpose, they have declared in favor of Gen. Grant as their nominee for the Presidency. By this course they hope to out-general the extreme Radicals, and to regain the control of affairs in the organization. Thus the Seward influence is once more to be made predominant in New York, Cameron is to be laid on the shelf in Pennsylvania, and Chase and Wade are to be given back seats in the West. Yet these miserable factions are not more conservative than the men whose retention of power they oppose. They do not propose to abandon any of the extreme measures inaugurated by the outspoken Radicals. But they are "policy men," have always been such, and hence their quarrel with Greeley, Wade, Sumner and Co. Meanwhile the latter are doing all they can to stem the tide of opposition to their continued ascendancy. They have brought out Judge Chase as their candidate for the Presidency, and are advocating his claims with great vigor. The N. Y. *Tribune*, of a late date, contains a long article devoted to the interests of Chase, and its lead is followed by other prominent Radical journals. Already the feeling for Grant is getting weaker, and those who were ardent in his support a week ago, are now inquiring as to whether he is really a Radical and whether they can safely trust him. Others say they will not support any man who is not a tried Radical, having had a sufficient experience with men of doubtful political status. They declare they will not have "another Johnson," and would rather that an out-and-out Democrat be elected, than to be afflicted with another turn-coat. And thus the fight wags. The question, just now, with Republicans, seems to be, *Will we have another Johnson?—Bedford Gazette.*

THE WILL OF SCHOFIELD THE LAW.

HD. QRS. FIRST MILITARY DISTRICT, RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 31, 1867.

His Excellency F. H. Pierpont, Governor of Virginia.

I have received letters from several members of the late Virginia Legislature, inquiring whether there would be a session of that body during the coming winter, and raising the question whether, under the State laws, members of the House of Delegates do not hold over until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Without deciding the latter question, I have to request that you will inform the members of the late Legislature that the regular session of the Legislature for the coming winter will be dispensed with. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. M. SCHOFIELD,
Brev. Maj. Gen. U. S. A.

Just stop, and think of it for one moment. *The commander of military district No. 1,* embracing the State of Virginia, *dispenses with the regular session of the Virginia Legislature.* Are we living in a republic? Surely this action of Gen. Schofield savors of the most odious military despotism. It was high time for the people to thunder their disapproval of this mode of governing the South.—Let the motto of the people be—down with military tyrants!

INFAMOUS.

There is no end, says the Macon (Geo.) Telegraph, to the wicked lies and threats that are being resorted to by the Radical leaders, white and black, to drive the poor negro to the polls and compel him to vote, even against his will. A party of negroes near this city, who had no wish to vote, told their employer yesterday that they were threatened with death if they did not go forward and deposit their ballots. Others were told that it was a penitentiary offence not to vote, and that all who refused would be arrested. Another party insisted on coming to town and voting, because all who did not appear and vote the Radical ticket would be sold back into slavery, and they knew it would be so, because Captain Hill, of the Bureau, had issued a circular to that effect. Captain Hill has denied, in the presence of gentlemen, that he ever issued anything of the kind, or authorized anybody to make such a statement. These things are all infamous and lying inventions, but they have, doubtless, had their effect on thousands *of the poor, ignorant blacks.* What an awful account the Radical party are running up against themselves in their dealings with this ignorant and unsuspecting people!

DOINGS OF A DELEGATE.—Yankee Allen, a negro elected to the convention from the county of Prince Edward, has proved himself decidedly a man of business. On the day of the election he stole a horse, rode it to the election, was pursued, captured, and imprisoned for the theft, and is now in jail awaiting his trial for the offence. He has thus stolen a horse, run him off, been pursued, overtaken, captured, incarcerated and elected a delegate to the Convention to form a Constitution for the State, all in the course of one day. Who will say hereafter that the negro delegates have no capacity for business? And yet he is but a "specimen brick" from the Radical tower of infamy.—*Lynchburg News.*

A BLACK WORKINGMEN'S CONVENTION.—The New Orleans Crescent gives notice of a "Workmen's Convention," to meet in New Orleans on the 15th of next month, and to contain delegates from Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas. The Crescent says: "The members of this association are all respectable colored men, raised in the South, and of no mean claims to intelligence and information. It is their earnest desire to withdraw the attention of their brethren from the mad pursuit of office and politics to more reasonable, useful and profitable occupation of agricultural labor."

DULL TIMES IN NEW YORK.—There is much complaint in New York of dull times among the merchants. The correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger writes:

Nine out of every ten of them will tell you they are not making money enough to pay clerk hire or store rent, while the tenth will declare that he can only effect sales by submitting to enormous sacrifice. The fact is, buyers and sellers alike seem disposed to hold off for a while to see what course Congressional legislation is going to take on the financial question, and also to see what is to come of the impeachment talk. The future is considered uncertain, and until the fog clears up, these complaints of dullness are likely to prevail.

The wholesale dry goods dealers of Brooklyn have been in consultation upon a proposition to reduce the salaries of their clerks thirty per cent. on and after the 1st of January, owing to the ruinous decline in goods and consequent heavy losses.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

Melancholy Death.—Mr. Henry Lower, a respectable and substantial farmer, and owner of what was long known as Bell's Mill, in Butler township, this county, met a sad and somewhat mysterious death on Wednesday last. He went to one of his fields in the morning, for the purpose of getting out stone—(contemplating the erection of two new barns next summer)—and not returning to dinner at the usual time, was sent for.—He was found in the quarry, lifeless, one arm and both legs broken and his body bruised and crushed—resulting, it is supposed, from the falling of earth and stone, from the top of the bank, upon him. His death is lamented by a large relationship and the community generally.

Thanksgiving.—Governor Geary has recommended Thursday next, the 28th of November, to be observed by the people of Pennsylvania as a day of thanksgiving. This is the same day fixed by President Johnson for a national thanksgiving.

Court.—November Court commenced on Monday last, President Judge Fisher and Associates Wierman and Robinson on the Bench. The following cases have thus far been disposed of:

COMMON PLEAS.

Henry Mayer and John Yeager vs. Peter Doll and others.—Issue to try the validity of the will of Sarah Doll, deceased. Verdict in favor of establishing the will. The trial occupied two full days.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Commonwealth vs. Benjamin Klouser.—Surety of the peace, on oath of Elizabeth Yingling. Defendant directed to pay all the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Daniel Small.—Fornication and bastardy, on oath of Matilda Shull. Verdict, guilty, and usual sentence.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. W. Rex.—Selling liquor to minors. Verdict, not guilty, and prosecutor, George Dittenhafer, to pay all the costs.

Commonwealth vs. John Slonaker.—Larceny of a gun from Christian Shefferer. Verdict, not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John Martin.—Larceny of chickens from Richard Mummert. Verdict, guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Philip Group.—Malicious Mischief. Verdict, guilty.

Isaac Kane, convicted of stealing Jacob R. Witmor's horse, was granted a new trial.

Admitted.—On Monday last, on motion of D. McConaughy, Esq., John M. Krauth, of this place, was admitted to the practice of law, after a thorough and creditable examination in open Court.

Tom Thumb and wife, Com. Nutt and Minnie Warren, will appear at Agricultural Hall, in this place, next Wednesday—afternoon and evening. We bespeak for them full houses, assured that their entertainments will please everybody.

By the way, an exchange says:—It is authoritatively announced, that at the termination of the present brief tour of the Tom Thumb troupe, the renowned Commodore Nutt (of twenty-five pounds,) will lead to the altar the sweet little Minnie Warren (of twenty pounds) Their united fortunes, accumulated by their public exhibitions within six years, are said to amount to a quarter of a million of dollars.

Parade.—The Franklin Zouaves will parade, at New Salem, to-morrow morning, at 9 o'clock. The members have procured their uniforms, as well as arms—and will, we are sure, make a handsome and soldierly appearance.

Roads.—This fine weather is well calculated for road repairing. The township supervisors and farmers generally should take the matter in hand at once, and thus secure good roads throughout the winter and spring. Open the side drains, make and repair breakers, fill low places, and gravel rough bridging—always keeping the road high in the centre. These hints fully carried out, will secure roads pleasant to man and beast, and prevent much "wear and tear" of pocket and of temper. Besides, good roads enhance the value of the lands through which they run—an item of no small account with progressive farmers, as many in Adams now are.

Stock Sale.—On Tuesday last, Jeremiah Diehl, Executor of John Diehl, deceased, sold at public outcry, at McClellan's Hotel, eleven shares of stock in the Gettysburg National Bank, to D. Wills, Esq., at $60 per share—par value $50. Also a $500 Gettysburg Railroad bond, to W. A Duncan, Esq., at $264.

At the same time, three shares of stock in the Gettysburg and York Turnpike, belonging to Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, were sold to George Swope, Esq., at $17 per share.

New Pumpkin.—Dr. C. F. Wolf, of East Berlin, the other day, placed upon our table a sweet pumpkin of more than ordinary merit. Its weight was 21 pounds, and its quality we found to be very superior. The Dr. obtained the seed from Illinois, and says it is called the "Illinois White." It is in the West looked upon as *the* pumpkin, and will doubtless soon become a favorite here. The Doctor has our thanks.

Arendtsville.—This pleasant village is still on the march of improvement. Moses Raffensperger has nearly finished a fine two-story brick house, and George Plank a handsome two-story brick house and barn. Other improvements are talked of, to be made in the spring.

Railroad.—The Chambersburg *Repository* urges the construction of a Railroad from Chambersburg to Caledonia Furnace, 10 miles, to be ultimately extended to Gettysburg and eastward. The *Repository* says: "These ten miles were surveyed, together with the Mountain crossing, in the summer of 1866, and were found to offer an easy, gradual ascent of half the maximum rate in plain grading. They can be made at a very cheap rate and will speedily become one of the most profitable branch roads in the State."

Sued for Libel.—The editors of the Lancaster *Intelligencer* have been sued for libel for words written in reference to Rev. W. V. Gotwald, now of Lancaster, but formerly of Emmittsburg. The editors, in criticising a sort of political lecture delivered by Gotwald to the Teachers' Institute there, alluded to a suit at Gettysburg to which he was a party.

Odd Fellows.—At the late session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, it was resolved that it shall not be legal to expel or suspend a member of the Order for non payment of dues. Any one owing a year's dues shall be considered as having resigned, and shall be dropped from the roll, and shall thereafter rank as an Ancient Odd Fellow.—Any one dropped may be re-admitted, in the usual manner. The new regulation also applies to all persons heretofore suspended or expelled for non-payment of dues, and to members of defunct Lodges and Encampments.

THEY are sleighing in Bangor, Maine.

Property Sales.—Wm. Rider, Executor of Joseph Rider, deceased, has sold the farm of said decedent, in Germany township—125 acres, at $60 per acre—Jonas Stonesifer, of Frederick county, Md., purchaser. Also, a wood lot in Union township, to the same—10 acres, at $400 cash.

Wm. Rider has sold a farm, in Mountjoy township—143 acres, at $60 per acre—to Joseph Plunkert, of Carroll county, Md.

Jesse B. Spahr has sold his house and blacksmith shop, in Arendtsville, to the Misses Reever, for $2,250.

The property of the Misses Stallsmith, in Arendtsville, has been purchased by George Lower, at $1,400.

Adam Hartlaub, Jr., has purchased of Henry Forry, an acre of ground in Bonaughtown, at $200. Mr. Hartlaub intends to erect a dwelling thereon immediately.

John McMaster has sold a tract of 16 acres, with the buildings, in Mountpleasant township, to Nicholas Kephart, of York county, at $1,550—and 2¼ acres of timber adjoining, at $190 per acre—parts of the Spitler property.

Adam Hartlaub has sold his farm, in Mountjoy township, to John Sheely.

J. F. Houck has purchased the home farm of the late Samuel Gilliland, in Tyrone township 202 acres, at $22 per acre, or $4,444.

Joseph Wolf has sold his property, in Butler township, to John Mummert—11 acres and improvements, at $2,500 cash.

Jacob Hartman has sold his property, in Huntington township, to Benjamin Weaver—33 acres, with buildings, at $3,200. Also a timber lot to Eli Gochenour—3 acres, at $250.

The real estate of Sebastian Hafer, deceased, in the borough of Abbottstown, was recently sold, as follows: No. 1—the corner property, late residence of decedent, was bought by Wm. Hafer, at $3,350; No. 2—house and three acres of land, by Wm. Bittinger, $1,125; No 3—three acres adjoining, by Wm. Bittinger, at $600; No. 4—three acres adjoining, by Wm. Bittinger, at $475; No. 5—three acres adjoining, by Wm. Bittinger, at $505.

Adam C. Musselman, Esq., Trustee, has sold part of the property of Henry Wortz, deceased, 11 acres and 65 perches, to Mrs. Margaret Donaldson, for $405.—George M. Wortz, one of the heirs, took the home property at a valuation of $30 per acre.

Daniel King has sold two houses and lots in Fairfield, on Main street—one to E. W. Harbaugh, for $400, the other to Jacob L. Firror, for $800.

Adam C. Musselman, Esq., has also sold 4 acres of land, more or less, adjoining Fairfield, to Daniel King, for $750.

James Wilson has sold his house and lot of ground, with shop, on West Middle street, Gettysburg, to Henry Felty, for $1,350.

Andrew Polly has purchased a house and lot on East Middle street, of Hon. J. B. Danner, at $950.

Mail Lettings.—The Post Office Department advertises for proposals to carry the mails in Pennsylvania, from July 1, 1868, to June 30, 1872—said proposals to be received at the Contract Office, Washington, until 3 o'clock, P. M., of Wednesday, March 4, 1868. The following items have local interest, and we publish them for the information of such as may desire to bid:

2155 From Hanover, by Abbottstown, to East Berlin, 10 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Hanover Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1.30 p. m.
Arrive at East Berlin by 4.30 p. m.
Leave East Berlin Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 a. m.
Arrive at Hanover by 12 m.

2156 From Hanover by McSherrystown and Red Land to Square Corner, 12 miles and back, six times a week to McSherrystown, and three times a week the residue.
Leave Hanover daily, except Sunday, at 1 p. m.
Arrive at McSherrystown by 2 p. m.
Leave McSherrystown daily, except Sunday, at 11 a. m.
Arrive in Hanover by 12 m.
Leave McSherrystown Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 p. m.
Arrive at Square Corner by 4 p. m.
Leave Square Corner Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Arrive at McSherrystown by 6 p. m.

2161 From Gettysburg by Fairfield, Fountain Dale, Ringgold and Leitersburg to Hagerstown, 30 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Gettysburg Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a. m.
Arrive at Hagerstown by 3 p. m.
Leave Hagerstown Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8 a. m.
Arrive at Gettysburg by 3 p. m.

2162 From Gettysburg by Hunterstown to New Chester, 9 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Gettysburg Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a. m.
Arrive at New Chester by 11 a. m.
Leave New Chester Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Gettysburg by 4 p. m.

2163 From Gettysburg by Mummasburg, Arendtsville, Bigler, Flora Dale and Bendersville to Idaville, 18 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Gettysburg Tuesday and Saturday at 6 a. m.
Arrive at Idaville by 12 m.
Leave Idaville Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Gettysburg by 7 p. m.

2164 From Gettysburg by Table Rock and Menallen, to Idaville, 13 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Gettysburg Monday and Thursday at 8 a. m.
Arrive at Idaville by 12 m.
Leave Idaville Monday and Thursday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Gettysburg by 5 p. m.

2165 From New Oxford, by Green Ridge, Hampton and Round Hill, to York Sulphur Springs, 11 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave New Oxford Tuesday and Saturday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at York Sulphur Springs by 4 p. m.
Leave York Sulphur Springs, Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 a. m.
Arrive at New Oxford by 8 a. m.

2166 From East Berlin, by Bermudian and Franklintown, to Dillsburg, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave East Berlin Thursday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Dillsburg by 4 p. m.
Leave Dillsburg Thursday at 9 a. m.
Arrive at East Berlin by 12 m.

2167 From Littlestown to Harney, 7 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Littlestown Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Harney by 3 p. m.
Leave Harney Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 a. m.
Arrive at Littlestown by 12 m.

2168 From York Sulphur Springs, by Bermudian, Hall Mulberry and Davidsburg, to York, 22 miles and back, once a week.
Leave York Sulphur Springs Saturday at 1 p. m.
Arrive at York by 7 p. m.
Leave York Saturday at 6 a. m.
Arrive at York Sulphur Springs by 12 m.

2192 From Mechanicstown by Shepherdstown, Dillsburg, Clear Spring, York Sulphur Springs and Heidlersburg to Gettysburg, 30 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Mechanicsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 a. m.
Arrive at Gettysburg by 6 p. m.
Leave Gettysburg Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 a. m.
Arrive at Mechanicsburg by 4 p. m.

2201 From Carlisle by Mount Holly Springs to York Sulphur Springs, 14½ miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Carlisle daily except Sunday at 2 p. m.
Arrive at York Sulphur Springs by 6 p. m.
Leave York Sulphur Springs daily except Sunday at 6 a. m.
Arrive at Carlisle by 10 a. m.

The Fashions.—The fashion reports from Paris announce that large hoops are again to be in vogue, and short dresses be again worn only by young girls. This is bad news—especially the latter part of it. That inexorable Fashion should compel our women to be street sweepers, is a deplorable plague of social tyranny, but there is no escape from what the French call *le despotisme de la mode.* The time will come, we hope, when our ladies will not go to the French Court, but to common sense, for their styles.

Among gentlemen it is noticed that box-toed shoes, flesh-colored gloves and blue broadcloth suits predominate.—Pantaloons have now approached that degree of tightness which may be called pinching. Coats are worn very short, only coming down to the hips. A few light colored overcoats are seen; but black or dark olive seems to be the favorite color. Hats have wider brims, more of a curve, and not so tall as last season. Neckties are worn of bright colors.

Dr. J. Shorb, near Emmittsburg, died recently, much regretted.

Advertising Sales of Property.—The Lancaster *Intelligencer*, in speaking of the importance and great advantage of advertising sales of property in the newspapers, in addition to having hand-bills printed, very truthfully says: "A newspaper is read by hundreds who never see the attractive bills which are posted in the taverns and the store rooms. Every subscriber to a county paper reads all such advertisements carefully. He knows who is selling out and exactly what is offered for sale. The advertisements are a topic of conversation when friends meet, and arrangements are made for attending sales. The result is a large crowd, spirited bidding, and a realization of ten, twenty or fifty times what it costs to advertise. No money is so sure to return a large profit as that spent on printer's ink. A single additional bidder on a single article will pay all it costs to advertise a sale of personal property in a newspaper. *Is it not* strange, then, that any one should fail to advertise? Let our friends think of the matter."

Stoves!—Stoves!—at S. G. Cook's, York st., Gettysburg. Particular attention is called to Small & Smyser's Pennsylvania Cook, No. 8. The fire place of this stove takes in a piece of wood two feet long, which makes it the cheapest stove in the market; its baking and heating qualities have been thoroughly tested, and never failed to give satisfaction. He has the exclusive sale in Gettysburg of this stove, and also of the Empire and Oriental self-feeding Base Burners, two of the best stoves ever invented. They can be seen in operation at the Keystone House and Globe Inn. tf

Election.—The following gentlemen have been elected officers of the Berlin and Hanover Turnpike Company for the ensuing year:

President—William Wolf, (East Berlin.)

Directors—Jacob Young, Samuel Hollinger, Jacob Resser, Joseph E. Cramer, Daniel N. Bucher and Henry Wirt.

Secretary—Henry Wirt.

Treasurer—Jos. R. Henry, (Abbottstown.)

The Company has declared a dividend of $2 per share.

Burglarious.—On Wednesday, about 6 o'clock in the evening, some villain entered the mansion of Peter Brough, on West Market street, unobserved, and stole from a wardrobe in the room occupied by Mr. John Brough, two suits of clothing belonging to John. The thief succeeded in carrying off the plunder in safety, and no clue has yet been discovered to indicate the person who perpetrated the theft. It is not known whether the thief was a man or a woman.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Wood!—Wood!—Wood!—Cold weather is upon us, and we are out of wood. A number of our subscribers expect to pay us this fall with wood. Will they please bring it "right along?" We *must* have it *now.*

Sold.—Isaiah P. Diller, of Hanover, has sold his horse "Grey Eagle," to a gentleman in York, for $500.

Local Items.—An editor, speaking of the complaints of readers that he doesn't publish all the local items they desire to see, justly observes that it is often their own fault in not sending the facts. He says he doesn't like to publish a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow is married again.

Like Magic.—The certainty and quickness with which Coe's Cough Balsam cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, and lung difficulties. Give to the children when attacked with Coughs and Colds, and rest assured you will find relief at once. Physicians say it is the best cough medicine in the world.

For all those Distressing and Afflicting Maladies which originate in Scrofula or an enfeebled or vitiated state of the blood, nothing can equal the tonic and purifying effect of Dr. Anders' Iodine Water, a pure solution of iodine dissolved in pure water *without a solvent.*

GRANT.—Whilst Forney's Philadelphia *Press* takes strong ground in favor of Grant for President, the *Morning Press*, a new but popular Radical paper of that city, steers in the other direction. The latter says:

"The Republican party is pledged to Impartial Suffrage, to the absolute destruction of all tests of color or race in the laws of the United States. That pledge will be kept by the majority of the party; in letter and spirit it will be kept. We will not break it for Grant; we will not break it to obtain success; we will accept defeat before we will consent to give up one jot of principle in our platform, or to wink at the slightest infidelity in our candidate.

"This, therefore, we would say to all Republicans,—stop before it is too late to stop. Refuse to indorse Grant till Grant has endorsed Radicalism. Meet his silence with silence more profound. Do not let America see the shameful spectacle of the Republican party moving in crouching procession to offer, to beg, to bribe any man to become its leader and its candidate. Let us go our way, and if General Grant believes as we believe let him come to us."

AT the Lancaster Teachers' Institute, last week, a political fellow, styling himself Rev. W. V. Gotwald, declared in a stump speech that "To-day in the District of Columbia, rebels are disfranchised and loyal colored men are enfranchised—one of these may be elected Mayor, and in his official capacity be compelled to ride in the same carriage with his Accidency—a companionship rather humiliating to the sable official" That is nice stuff for a Reverned to utter, isn't it? A dose of rotten eggs would be too good for such a scavenger.—*Harrisburg Patriot & Union.*

NEW YORK will elect a Mayor on December 3d. The Democrats have two candidates, the present Mayor Hoffman, of the Tammany wing, and Fernando Wood of the Mozart. The Republican candidate is William A. Darling. As each branch of the Democracy polled over 40,000 votes at the late election, and the whole Republican vote was but 25,000, there is not the slightest chance for Mr. Darling.

THE N. Y. *Times*, (Radical) has discovered since the elections, that it was a fatal mistake of the *Radical* leaders to think that a party becomes strong "by becoming bigoted, exclusive, defiant, tyrannical and insolent." Well, didn't Horace say, long before, that they were a set of "narrow minded blockheads?"

SATRAP SICKLES has been honorably mustered out of the volunteer service, but retains command of the 4th Infantry as Colonel.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Tribune* says that the negro league of South Carolina, in voting for a candidate for the Presidency, rejected Grant and unanimously voted for Chase.

IMPROVED ORTHOGRAPHY—The Rads. used to call Sambo "a man and a brother;" recent experience has made them conclude that he is a "man and a bother."

TERRIBLE CALAMITY.

One of the West India Islands Submerged and Ten Thousand Persons Drowned.

HAVANA, November 14.—Tortola, one of the British West Indies, has been submerged, and ten thousand persons drowned.

Advices from Porto Rico to the 7th inst., have been received. A terrible hurricane had visited the southern portion of the Island, destroying all the crops.

Two hundred lives were lost, and four thousand families are destitute. Provisions were to be landed duty free for two months.

Subscriptions had been opened in Havana for the relief of the sufferers at St. Thomas.

The Liverpool steamer which was sunk during the hurricane carried down $5,000,000 in specie and merchandise. The loss of the Steamship company, at St. Thomas, will amount to $12,000,000.

Some five hundred bodies remaining unburied have been burnt on the island.

Description of Tortola.

Tortola, which a despatch by the Cuba cable announces, has been submerged, with a loss of ten thousand persons, is one of the Virgin Islands West Indies, belonging to Great Britain, situated between Virgin Gorda and St. John's. The length of the island is twelve miles and its breadth four miles. It consists mostly of a range of hills rising to 1600 feet in elevation and in its north encircling a harbor, on the west side of which is the town of Tortola. The island is very unhealthy to Europeans. Tortola has its Governor, Council, and Legislative Assembly. It became a British possession in 1666.

WESTON, the pedestrian, reached Erie, 58 miles from Buffalo, at noon on the 16th, making that distance in 13 hours. At 12.30 he started for Ashtabula, the end of the 100 mile test, but at 8.12 p. m., he brought up at Conneaut, with swelled feet, and therefore failed to make 100 miles in 24 hours. He arrived at Cleveland at 12 o'clock on Monday night, where the people were entirely carried away with him.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh,

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country, can be seen at his office.—The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

Nov. 15, 1867. 1y

Dyspepsia.

There is no disease which experience has so amply proved to be remediable by the PERUVIAN SYRUP, (a protected solution of the Protoxide of Iron,) as Dyspepsia. The most inveterate forms of this disease have been completely cured by this medicine, as ample testimony of some of our first citizens proves.

FROM THE VENERABLE ARCHDEACON SCOTT, D. D.

DUNHAM, Canada East.

* * * "I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of MORE THAN 25 YEARS STANDING."

* * * "I have been so wonderfully benefited in the three short weeks during which I have used the Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself of the reality. People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me."

ANOTHER CLERGYMAN WRITES AS FOLLOWS:

"My voyage to Europe is indefinitely postponed. I have discovered the 'Fountain of Health' on this side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of Peruvian Syrup have rescued me from the fangs of the fiend Dyspepsia."

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a history of this remarkable remedy, with a treatise on "Iron as a medicine," will be sent free to any address.

The genuine has "PERUVIAN SYRUP" blown in the glass.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey Street, New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

ACROSTIC.

G ently it penetrates through every pore,
R elieving sufferers from each angry sore;
A ll wounds it heals with certainty and speed;
C uts, Burns, from Inflammation soon are freed;
E ruptions, at its presence disappear;
S kins lose each stain, and the complexion's clear!
S ALVE, such as GRACE'S every one should buy,
A ll to its wonder our merits testify,
L et those who doubt, a single box but try—
V erily, then its true deserts 'twould have;
E ven unbelievers would laud GRACE'S SALVE!

Nov. 8, 1867. 4w

Amazement!

With the quickness of thought, without injuring skin or fibre, or leaving a strain upon the scalp,

A HEAD IS TRANSFIGURED!

or, in other words, changed from red, or sandy, or white, or grizzly gray, as the case may be, to a transcendant black or brown by

THE MYSTIC SPELL

of that scientific wonder of the century,

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

a pure compound that defies rivalry, and is manufactured only by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by Hair Dressers.

Nov. 8, 1867. 1m

Horrible Accident.

A man some time since was repairing a gas leak, corner of 26th Street and 6th Avenue, New York. He went into the excavation and then lit a match. An explosion of the gas took place, and the man was much burned. DR. TOBIAS' Venitian Liniment was applied freely, and in three days the man was about his business in the Manhattan Gas Works as well as ever. His name is Samuel F. Waters. This is one of the wonderful cures made by DR. TOBIAS' celebrated Venitian Liniment; it is not only good for Burns, Throats, Cuts, Insect Stings, Pains in the Limbs, Chest and Back; also internally, for Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea Dysentery and Croup. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and is the best family medicine in the world. Orders are received all over Europe for it. The most celebrated Physicians recommend it—it never fails. DR. TOBIAS puts up every drop himself. Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents and $1 per Bottle Depot 56 Cortland Street, N. Y.

Nov. 8, 1867. 1m

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success, in every case, and it is only at the urgent request of the thousands of ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

10,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years. Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by myself and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which ladies say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in Removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its Proper Channel, Quieting the Nerves and bringing back the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country, "free of postage."

Sold also by J. Spangler, Chambersburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
May 27, 1867. 1y 42 Cedar st., New York.

To Consumptives.

The Rev. Edward A. Wilson will send (free of charge) to all who desire it the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Sept. 20, 1867. 8m Williamsburgh, New York.

Information.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway, New York.

Sept. 20, 1867. 8m

The Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 29, 1867.

THE POLITICAL PYRAMIDS.

STATES IN WHICH THERE HAVE BEEN DEMOCRATIC AND CONSERVATIVE GAINS.

OHIO
IOWA
MAINE
VERMONT
KENTUCKY
INDIANA
MARYLAND
CALIFORNIA
CONNECTICUT
NEW HAMPSHIRE
WEST VIRGINIA
PENNSYLVANIA
MASSACHUSETTS
MINNESOTA
COLORADO
NEW JERSEY
WISCONSIN
DELAWARE
NEW YORK
MICHIGAN
MONTANA
MISSOURI
ILLINOIS
NEVADA
KANSAS

STATES IN WHICH THERE HAVE BEEN RADICAL GAINS.

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A LITTLE girl of seven years, while playing with a pistol in Green county, Indiana, recently, shot her younger sister dead.

A HORSE was put under the influence of chloroform the other day in Maine for a surgical operation.

SPEAKING of Forney attaching himself to Grant, Thurlow Weed says "it does not matter a great deal what the fly thinks of the cartwheel."

A CHASE newspaper is to be started in Washington, it is said.

MARKET REPORTS.

Gettysburg.	
FLOUR,	10 50
RYE FLOUR,	7 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 30
RED WHEAT,	2 17
CORN,	1 10
RYE,	1 20
OATS,	55
BUCKWHEAT,	1 00
HAY,	8 00 @ 12 00
CLOVER-SEED	6 50
FLAX SEED	2 00
Baltimore.	
FLOUR,	9 50 @ 10 25
WHEAT,	2 00 @ 2 60
RYE,	1 50 @ 1 55
CORN,	1 00 @ 1 23
OATS,	71 @ 75
CLOVER-SEED,	7 50 @ 8 06
TIMOTHY-SEED,	2 50 @ 2 75
HOGS, ₱ hund.	9 00 @ 10 00
BEEF CATTLE, ₱ hund.	8 00 @ 15 00
HAY,	23 00 @ 25 00
WHISKEY,	2 30 @ 2 35
GOLD, Phila	1 40

MARRIED.

On the 12th inst., at her paternal home, in Fountaindale, by the Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. GEORGE W. BURCKHART, of Leitersburg, Md., to Miss LOUISA STEM, of Adams county.

On the 7th inst., at El Paso, Ill., by Rev. E. P. Hall, Mr. SAMUEL H. ATEN, of El Paso, to Miss LUCINDA S. ZOOK, formerly of Littlestown, Pa.

On the 4th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. F. Crouse, Mr. CHARLES FASH to Miss MARY COVER, daughter of Eli Cover, formerly of this county and now of Knoxville, Ill.

In York, on the 5th inst., by Rev. Father Baumeister, Mr. PAUL MOSEBAUGH, of York, to Miss LIZZIE E. ORNDORF, of this county.

On the 12th inst., by Rev. Jacob Sechler, Mr. JOHN REBERT, of this county, to Miss LOUISA E. GEISELMAN, of Hanover.

On the 31st ult., in Chambersburg, at the residence of P. Hamman, Esq., by Rev. H. Y. Hummelbaugh, Mr. CHARLES SHAFFER, of York Springs, Adams county, to Miss SARAH A. STOKE, of Chambersburg.

In Lutheran Trinity Church, Washington, on the 2nd ult., by Rev. Ernest M. Buer, Mr. EUGENE C. STRATTON, of Boston, Mass., to Miss BECKIE GILBERT, of Gettysburg.

DIED.

On the 9th inst., near Abbottstown, Miss MARY, daughter of Jacob Stambaugh, aged 19 years 11 months and 22 days.

On the 12th inst., at the residence of J. McCreary, in Hunterstown, Mr. JEROME JOHNSTON, of Wheeling, Va., aged about 34 years.

On the 7th inst., in Liberty township, Mrs. MARY HILL, aged 85 years and 11 months.

On the 7th inst., in Union township, Adams county, Mr. JACOB TRESSLER, aged 52 years 9 months and 29 days.

Communicated.

On the 9th inst., in Arendtsville, after a protracted illness, Mrs. LENAH ANN RAFFENSPERGER, aged 34 years 7 months and 9 days.

Long and painful was thine illness,
God designed it should be so,
But released by death, in stillness,
Up to God, thy soul did go.

DEDICATION.

ST. PETER'S CHAPEL and School-house, at Irishtown, Adams county, will be dedicated on SUNDAY, the 8th day of DECEMBER next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Mr. Villiger will deliver an address suitable to the occasion. The public are invited.
Nov. 22, 1867. td

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

A NICE HOME.

28 TO 30 Acres of CHOICE LAND, with GOOD BUILDINGS, all in complete order, one mile from Harney—being a part of the Linah Mill property. GEO. ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Nov. 22, 1867. 6t

A SMALL FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 4th of JANUARY, 1868, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, THE FARM, formerly the property of Solomon Bingaman, dec'd., situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Munshower's to Fairfield, within one mile of the Chambersburg Turnpike, adjoining lands of —— Marshall, Andrew Kump, and others, and containing about 72 Acres—one-half in EXCELLENT TIMBER. The improvements are a one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Log Cooper Shop, Log Barn, and Hog Pen; an APPLE ORCHARD, and other fruit, with a never-failing Spring near the house. The Farm will be sold in whole or in parcels.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on Daniel Kuhn, residing in the neighborhood.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by ADALINE S. LARKIN.
Nov. 22, 1867.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 4586.
Nov. 22, 1867. 3m

Scholarships for Sale.

A FULL course Scholarship in the QUAKER CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE of Philadelphia, and a full course Scholarship in the Commercial Course in the GREAT NATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, Philadelphia, for sale cheap. Inquire at the COMPILER office.
Oct. 25, 1867.

PLAYED OUT!—High prices for Clothing. Call examine and be convinced of the fact at PICKING'S.

PHOTO MINIATURES, at the Excelsior Gallery, are superb and furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimens.
C. J. TYSON.

THE HOLIDAYS.

LOOK OUT FOR OLD CHRIS!

E. H. MINNICH,

Chambersburg Street, next door to the Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg,

THE only authorized agent in this place of His Excellency, CHRIS KRINGLE, Esq., announces to the people of Gettysburg and surrounding country, that he is now receiving at his Store, the Baggage and Equipments of the "Old Gentleman," which are to be distributed in rich profusion, and at such prices as will astonish eyes those who think a cent as big as cart wheel.

TOYS of every description, to make cheerful the hearts and jubilant the spirits of the juvenile population, and a supply of FRENCH and COMMON CANDIES, to sweeten and seal and make perpetually cohesive the affections of those whose hearts are throbbing in anticipation of changing their condition in life, and a superabundance of RICH CAKES to make complete the Wedding and Holiday Feasts.

Also, ORANGES, LEMONS, NUTS, and a thousand and one other good things.

His stock is very large, bought at the very lowest prices, and to be sold at the smallest profits. Call in, old and young, male and female, and you will be sure to find something to please you.
Nov. 22, 1867. tf

GRAND JURY REPORT.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions:
The Grand Inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania inquiring in and for the County of Adams, at November Sessions, 1867, beg leave to report that we visited the Alms House and County Jail. They found the paupers well provided for, the buildings clean, and everything comfortable. There have been between four and five hundred yards of ditching done, which was very necessary; the barn much improved by new weatherboarding and painting. The Steward deserves the thanks of the people of the county for his attention and care. We would recommend that the north end of the Insane Hospital be repaired, and in the main building at the north corner a new stove be put in.

At the Jail we found the rooms clean, the prisoners comfortable, the Deputy Sheriff obliging and careful, and would recommend some improvement to be made in some of the cells, and the bake oven to have a new roof or be repaired.
J. GEO. WOLF, Foreman,

Geo. H. Baker,	Abraham Plank,
Henry A. Meals,	Jonas Rebert,
Samuel Shorb,	Wm. L. Thomas,
Noah D. Snyder,	Philip Myers,
Daniel A. Sell,	Wm. Shillenn,
Jeremiah M. Rowe,	Peter K. Smith,
John Diehl,	Philip A. Myers,
G. P. Topper,	F. H. Peters,
Henry Bucher,	Hamilton W. Forrest,
Jacob Krise,	Adam Butt,
George Settel,	

Nov. 22, 1867. 3t

Demorest's Monthly Magazine,

UNIVERSALLY acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America, devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly Engravings, (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies, $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber. A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address
W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.
Nov. 22, 1867. 1m

Demorest's Young America,

THE best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so, and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a Glass Cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two-bladed pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1 50. The November Number commences a new volume. Published by W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, five cents, mailed free.
Nov. 22, 1867. 1m

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues the

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton Street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
JACOB REILEY.
Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1867. tf

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Wednesday, November 6th, 1867, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8.15 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.15 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.20 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M. Arriving at Gettysburg 12.40 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.30 P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3.30, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 6.00 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 5.30 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 8.20 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12.40 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast lime at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 5.30 P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain.
R. McCURDY, Pres't.
Nov. 15, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership existing between the undersigned, under the name of A. Cobean & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm can be settled, on application to either of the undersigned.

Our successors, Cobean & Schriver, are commended to the patronage of our friends.
A. COBEAN,
J. S. CRAWFORD.
Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1867. 3t

Executor's Notice.

SAMUEL J. DEARDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel J. Deardorff, late of Reading township, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Newberry township, York co., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ANDREW HYKES,
Executor.
Nov. 15, 1867. 6t

Administrator's Notice.

SARAH NEIDICH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Neidich, late of Reading township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
EMANUEL NEIDICH,
Administrator.
Nov. 15, 1867. 6t*

WANTED A GOOD MAN

IN every town and county in the Union, to engage in the sale of a patented article, used in every household, shop, office, hotel, store and public building, railroad cars, steamboats, &c. Persons already engaged are making immense incomes, and the demand for the article never ceases. Your customers once obtained your income is great and perpetual. Full and satisfactory particulars sent to all who may apply to J. LEWIS, No. 82 Cedar street, New York, with stamp. Box 3391.
Nov. 15, 1867. 4m

TO MILLERS.

FOR sale, a pair of CHOPPING STONES AND GEARING—also a BONE MILL FIXTURES. Enquire of G. E. BRINGMAN.
Gettysburg, Oct. 18, 1867. tf

POSITIVELY ONE DAY ONLY.

AT THE

NEW AGRICULTURAL HALL,

FAIR GROUNDS, GETTYSBURG,

Wednesday, November 27, 1867.

2 LEVEES—AT 3 AND 7½

RETURN from Europe (after an absence of three years) where they have appeared before nearly all the Kings, Queens, Emperors and Nobility of the Old World.

THE GREATEST WONDERS OF THE AGE!

Four beautiful and symmetrically formed LADIES and GENTLEMEN in MINIATURE!

THE ORIGINAL AND RENOWNED

GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE,

COMMODORE NUTT,

AND MISS MINNIE WARREN,

A Married Couple, a Bachelor and Belle, all four weighing a trifle over 100 pounds. Intelligent, social, affable and possessing excellent conversational powers, they are thus superior to all other Dwarfs.

They will appear at each Levee in a variety of Fascinating Performances, consisting of Songs, Dances, Duetts, The Old Folks, Burlesques, etc., which fully exhibit their comic and versatile abilities.

At the Afternoon Levee, they will wear the splendid and costly costumes worn before Queen Victoria and the Royal Family, at Windsor Castle, June 24, 1865.

The Magnificent Dresses and Diamonds worn by Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb and Miss Minnie Warren at their Entertainments actually cost over Fifty Thousand Dollars.

☞Ladies and Children are considerately advised to attend the Day Exhibition, and thus avoid the crowd and confusion of the Evening Performances.

To the Day Levees—Admission 25 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Children under ten, 25 cents.

Evening Performance—Admission to all parts of the House, 25 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents.
Nov. 8, 1867. 3t

GRAIN & GROCERIES.

THE BRICK WAREHOUSE

AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned, at his Warehouse, in New Oxford, Adams county, pays the highest prices for WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS, BUCKWHEAT, &c. Farmers may always rely upon finding the best market for their produce at the Brick Warehouse.

He also keeps constantly on hand, for sale, at the lowest profits, all kinds of GROCERIES, SALT, FISH, GUANOS and other FERTILIZERS—COAL, LUMBER, &c.

He runs a MARKET CAR to Baltimore twice a week, and buys Goods and other articles for persons so ordering. The car runs to Stevenson & Sons', 165 North Howard Street. A share of public patronage solicited, and every effort made to please.
ABRAHAM SHEELY.
New Oxford, Nov. 15, 1867. 1y

A NEW STOCK

OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

AT J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S, NEW OXFORD, PA.

WE have just returned from the city, where we bought a very large and well selected stock of all kinds of goods, suitable in our line, under

THE LATE DECLINE.

Our stock consists in part of FRENCH MERINOES, FRENCH COBOURGS, Delanes, Calicoes, Plaids, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins; a large assortment of Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Gloves, &c.

MEN'S WEAR, consisting in part of Broad and Beaver Cloths, Black and Fancy Cassimers, Cassinets, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Under-shirts and Drawers, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, and CAPS, Driving and Buckskin Gloves.

A complete assortment of GROCERIES, at low rates.

HARD-WARE, such as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steel, Horse Shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Shovels and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges and Screws, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c. CHINA AND QUEENS-WARE, by the set.

Thankful for past patronage, we hope to merit the same in the future.
J. C. ZOUCK & SON.
New Oxford, Nov. 8, 1867. 1y

New Grocery and Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a GROCERY, FLOUR and VEGETABLE STORE, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call. Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
Aug. 23, 1867. tf

The Wonder of the Age!

WARREN'S ELECTRIC CHURN for sale at Hendricks & Warren's Grocery Store, in East York street, Gettysburg, Pa., where everything in our line will be sold at the lowest prices. Give us a call and see for yourselves. Our stock consists of Groceries, Notions, and Fancy Goods. Our motto is sell quick, our aim to please.

☞Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Cash paid for Bacon and Butter.
HENDRICKS & WARREN.
Sept. 20, 1867. tf

For Sale.—A Choice Farm,

IN a high state of cultivation; 231 ACRES; 100 bushels of Lime to the acre; 30 acres in Timber; large Bank Barn and Brick Dwelling; plenty of Fruit, &c.; 2 miles west from Gettysburg.

ALSO—

One other very desirable FARM, containing 125 ACRES; 25 acres in Timber; buildings good; adjoining Sandoe's Mill property, 6 miles south from Gettysburg. $20 per acre will buy this farm.
GEO. ARNOLD.
Aug. 12, 1867. tf

JURY LIST.

SPECIAL COURT—DECEMBER 9, 1867.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Tyrone—Emanuel Spangler, Jacob C. Pittenturf.
Straban—John Brinkerhoff, Franklin Osborne, Isaac F. Brinkerhoff.
Cumberland—George Bushman.
Hamiltonban—James H. Marshall.
Mountpleasant—Jacob Melhorn, Chas. Hemler.
Franklin—John Cole, Samuel Bucher, Jacob Oyler.
Oxford—John Haines, Edmund Gitt.
Conowago—Michael Little, Adam Diller.
Menallen—Henry Crist, John Peters.
Huntington—Wm. B. Gardner, Barnhart Gardner, George A. Peters.
Liberty—John Kemper.
Gettysburg—Daniel F. Pittenturf, Jacob Benner.
Germany—William Duttera.
Reading—George Brown, Thomas N. Dicks
Union—Pius Unger.
Freedom—Milton T. Krise.
Latimore—George S. Fickel, Joel Griest.
Highland—Jacob Plank.
Butler—Henry Lower.
Mountjoy—Levi Schwartz.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. Bittinger.
Hamilton—Hamilton King.
Nov. 8, 1867. tc

D. FORNEY'S FELON SALVE.

The undersigned manufactures a Salve for Felons, Bruises, Burns, Cuts, Old Sores, &c., which cannot be surpassed. Its cures are really wonderful, as certificates in his possession prove.—When he calls, be sure to buy, and you will never regret it.
Nov. 15, 1867. 3t* DANIEL FORNEY.

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 9th day of DECEMBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

88. The first and final account of Jonas B. Orner, Administrator of Jacob W. Shellaman, dec'd.

89. The second and final account of Samuel Bowers, Executor of Margaret Bowers, deceased.

90. The account of Wm. Sadler, Administrator of the estate of Lydia Sadler, deceased.

91. The first account of Sarah Gilliland and Frederick Quickel, Administrators of Samuel Gilliland, deceased.

92. The first and final account of James H. Marshall, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Herbert McGlaughlin, deceased.
W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.
Nov. 15, 1867. tc

Empire Sewing Machine Company.

SALESROOM, 616 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NO. 1 FAMILY MACHINE.—This machine has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the Lock or Shuttle Stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, with cotton, linen or silk thread.

It HEMS, FELLS, BINDS, BRAIDS, TUCKS, QUILTS, PLAITS, and GATHERS. As a Family Machine, it has no superior.

Price, with Hemmer and Braider, $60.

Particular attention is paid to our New Improved Manufacturing Machines. They run light and are comparatively noiseless, simple, durable and efficient. For cloth or leather work they have no competitors.

No. 2 Machine, with Hemmer and Braider, $75.
No. 3 Machine, $85.

☞Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given.
October 18, 1867. 3m

Brooms! Brooms!

THE undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street, adjoining Railroad Depot. He will have during the fall a supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.
S. R. TIPTON.
Gettysburg, Oct. 18, 1867. 3m

Special Court.

NOTICE is hereby given that a SPECIAL COURT has been ordered by the Judges of the Courts of Adams county, for the trial of causes in Common Pleas, on MONDAY, the 9th day of DECEMBER next. Parties, witnesses, jurors, and all others interested, are required to be in attendance at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.
PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1867. tc

NONE but first-rate PICTURES are allowed to be taken from the Excelsior Gallery. Samples shown before the order is filled.
C. J. TYSON.

A DESIRABLE

TOWN PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DOBBIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built, of stone, and contains twelve large rooms. There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first-rate water in the basement, and 1½ Acres of Land connected with it. The location is a very pleasant one, and with a little additional outlay this could be made one of the most comfortable and desirable homes in the borough or its vicinity.
JOHN RUPP.
Nov. 15, 1867. tf

PUBLIC SALE

OF FINE TIMBER LAND.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of DECEMBER next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises,

FIVE LOTS OF TIMBER,

heavily wooded with Chesnut and Rock Oak, situated in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, and lying on the public road leading from Munshower's Tavern to the Cold Spring. The Lots will be sold in parcels of from 5 to 13 ACRES each.

This is a rare opportunity of buying the BEST TIMBER IN THE MOUNTAIN, which can easily and cheaply be got to market. The land formerly belonged to David Mickley, and adjoins lands of William Douglass, Peter Henry, Messrs. Stresbaugh & Moritz, and others, and is very desirable in every respect.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by
TOBIAS R. COVER.
Nov. 15, 1867. ts

A VALUABLE FARM,

IN CARROLL COUNTY, MD.,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to decline farming, offers at Private Sale, his

VALUABLE FARM,

situate in Westminster district, Carroll county, Md., on the head waters of Little Pipe Creek, three miles from Westminster, and a short mile from the Western Maryland Railroad, adjoining lands of David Shriver, Jesse Swigard, Hanson Nichodemus, Charles Roberts, and others, containing 165 ACRES, more or less, with fair proportions of excellent Woodland and Meadow. The land is limestone and blue slate, in first rate cultivation, having been heavily limed, and under the very best of fencing. The farm can't be excelled for the growth of wheat, corn, or any other crop, whilst for grazing it is every desirable point—running water in every field. The improvements are a Two-story Double BRICK HOUSE, with Two-story Brick Back-building, and Basement, a large Brick Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and Hog House, brick, and all under one roof, Smoke House, Wash House and Spring House, stone, and all under one roof, Butcher House, Blacksmith Shop, with other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water adjoining the dwelling house and a splendid spring near the spring house. The improvements are all of modern style, and in thorough repair. There is on the premises a large Apple Orchard, with fruit of all descriptions. The property is located in a pleasant neighborhood, with three mills convenient, as well as churches, school houses, stores and mechanic shops.

This is one of the most desirable properties in Carroll county, and should command the attention of all in want of first class farms.

Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the undersigned, residing thereon.
MICHAEL MORELOCK.
Nov. 1, 1867. 3m*

A DESIRABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., three miles west of Arendtsville, adjoining lands of Francis Cole, Alexander Oyler, and others, containing 81 ACRES, more or less—about 40 acres cleared, and the balance in good timber. The cleared land is in fine cultivation, having been limed, and the fences are good. The improvements are a Two-story Rough-cast DWELLING HOUSE, (four rooms and a kitchen on the first floor,) a new Frame Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Cooper Shop, Wash House and Spring House; a well of never-failing water, with a pump in it, before the door. There is a good Apple Orchard and a fine young Peach Orchard on the premises, besides Peaches, Plums, Cherries, &c., all grafted.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the undersigned, residing thereon. The property will be sold a bargain.
PETER M. MORITZ.
Oct. 25, 1867. 4t

PUBLIC SALE

OF A VALUABLE FARM.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of NOVEMBER inst., his

VALUABLE FARM,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., three miles south-east of Gettysburg, near the Baltimore pike, containing 141 ACRES OF LAND, with the necessary improvements, with a large portion of Meadow and Timber, an Orchard and other fruit. It is well watered, with a spring near the house, spring house, &c.

Persons desiring to purchase or view the premises will call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
WILLIAM YOUNG.
Nov. 1, 1867. ts

THE ADAMS COUNTY

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

WILL meet in the Public School Building, New Oxford, at 10 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25th. The evening sessions will be held in the Lutheran Church. The exercises will consist of Lectures, Addresses, Reports, Essays, Class Drills, Discussions, &c.

Supt. Wickersham and Deputy Supt. Coburn, of the State Department, Dr. Brown and Prof. Ehrehart, of Gettysburg, Dr. Pfeiffer, of New Oxford, Prof. Brooks, of the Millersville Normal School, Prof. Thompson, of Lancaster, Prof. S. G. Boyd, of York, S. S. Jack, Esq., of Westmoreland county, and others, have been engaged for the occasion. An interesting and profitable meeting is expected; hence a full attendance is desired.

According to Act of Assembly, approved April 9th, 1867, "a Teachers' Institute must be held in each county of the Commonwealth, and must continue in session at least five days, including a half day for going and a half day for returning." The same act also authorizes directors to grant teachers the time, and makes it binding upon teachers to attend. The Committee on permanent certificates, required by law, will be elected on Monday afternoon. The citizens of New Oxford have kindly proposed to entertain as many of the teachers as possible in private families. The usual reduction will be made at the hotels. Arrangements have been made with the several railroad companies, for a reduction of fare to all who may attend. All who wish to go by railroad *must be here by 8 on the morning of the 25th.* Directors of Schools and the friends of Education generally are cordially invited.
AARON SHEELY, Co. Supt.
Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1867. 3t

PATENT

METALLIC OR WHITE WIRE

FOR

CLOTHES LINES.

WE beg leave to call your attention to an entirely new quality of Wire known as Metallic or White Wire, possessing a coating which prevents it from corroding or turning from its uniform color during any number of years, and on which Letters Patent have been secured. It has been found to be the only article suitable for clothes lines, except the old-fashioned rope or cord, which always gives so much trouble and annoyance by breaking, rotting out, and discoloring the clothes, and by being obliged to put it up and take it down every time used. With this Wire Clothes Line you have none of these annoyances, and when it is once put up it gives you no more trouble. After using it we are confident you will fully corroborate the statements of thousands of others in its praise. Every family should, and will eventually have one. It will not rust or corrode, though you may keep it in water for any length of time, even salt water.

Six Reasons why every family should have one of these PATENT WHITE WIRE CLOTHES LINES:

1st. You never have to take it in, no matter what the weather may be; the weather will not affect it.

2d. It will last from twenty to fifty years, and during that time you will wear out fifty ordinary lines, besides suffering an untold amount of trouble and annoyance with them.

3d. It is the cheapest Line in the world, to say nothing of its great convenience. A good rope line costs about 1 cent per foot, and this only 3 cents. This will last a lifetime, while that with care will last about one year. This Wire, at 25 cents per foot, is cheaper than a rope line.

4th. You cannot load it heavy enough with clothes, and the wind never blows strong enough, to break it—1500 lbs. being its breaking weight.

5th. It does not in any way discolor, wear or injure clothes that are hung upon it, and they never freeze to it. The finest fabrics can be removed instantly in the coldest weather without injury. This is a decided advantage over the rope line.

6th. It will save its price in saving you trouble and annoyance every three months you own it.

PRICE 3 CENTS PER FOOT. Money refunded if not found exactly as represented, after the most thorough trial.
LUTHER McDONNELL,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 8, 1867. 3t

O YES! O YES!

ANDREW POTTORFF,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

OFFERS his services to the public. Sales Cried in any part of the county, at reasonable rates. Having considerable experience in the business, he flatters himself that he will be able to render satisfaction in all cases. Post office address, *Granite Hill, Adams co., Pa.*
Nov. 8, 1867. 1y

Administrator's Notice.

DAVID R. STERNER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of David R. Sterner, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
WILLIAM H. DOTTERER,
Administrator.
Oct. 11, 1867. 6t

Executor's Notice.

ABRAHAM MYERS' ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Myers, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, near Lower's Mill, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ISAAC MYERS,
Executor.
Oct. 11, 1867. 6t

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

NEW GOODS.—Norris has just returned from the city with a large assortment of Clothing. Call and examine them. [May 6, '6.

DO YOU WANT

CHEAP AND GOOD

FALL AND WINTER GOODS?

"Yes!" Everybody Answers.

THEN GO TO THE NEW STORE OF

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Opposite the Court-house, Gettysburg.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Cords, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck-ties, or anything else in the gentlemen's wear line?
Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Silks, Alpacas, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Hosiery, Hoop Shirts, Corsets, or anything else desired for ladies' wear?
Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Muslins, Sheetings, Tickings, Carpeting, Queensware, Umbrellas, Window Shades, or anything else of the kind?
Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Furs? You will find a splendid assortment At REBERT & ELLIOTT'S,

Who are now selling goods at prices that must astonish. To be convinced, call and see for yourselves.
Nov. 15, 1867. tf

Good Old Prices Again!

GOODS

CHEAP AS EVER!

BEST PRINTS	for	14 cts.
GOOD PRINTS	for	10 cts.
GINGHAMS	for	12½ cts.
MUSLINS	and	DELAINES

at like reduced prices.

Now is the Time to Buy!

WINTER STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

in great variety.

ROW & WOODS,

Nov. 1, 1867. Gettysburg, Pa.

NEW FIRM

IN

New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

HERSH & BROTHER

HAVE taken the Warehouse recently occupied by D. Hoke.

They are now paying the HIGHEST PRICES for

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Constantly on hand, choice selections of LUMBER, COAL AND GROCERIES.
JAMES HERSH,
PAUL HERSH.
New Oxford, Nov. 1, 1867. 3m

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG

Will allow interest on Special Deposits, as follows:

5 per cent. per annum for 1 year.
4 " " " " 6 months.
3 " " " " 3 "

Will convert 7-30 NOTES into 5-20 BONDS, as usual, free of charge.

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES and COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind, free of charge or commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOLD and SILVER, and will, with pleasure, transact all business promptly, as heretofore, pertaining to a well regulated Bank.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1867.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS advanced 1 per cent., viz:

5 per cent. for 1 year,
4 per cent. for 6 months.
3 per cent. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.
J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Oct. 25, 1867. tf

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases.
Littlestown, Nov. 8, 1867.

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Directors of the Gettysburg National Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on Capital Stock, clear of all U. S. Taxes, payable on and after NOVEMBER 11th, 1867.
J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1867.

DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, November 4th, 1867.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. over and above all Government taxes, payable on and after the 10th inst.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Nov. 8, 1867. 3

WANTED.

A SITUATION as Teacher in a Public or Select School. I hold a permanent professional certificate from Mr. Ellis and endorsed by Mr. Sheely.
ALICE C. POWERS,
Nov. 1, 1867. 3t Gettysburg Pa.

WANTED.

THIRTY JOURNEYMEN COOPERS on FLOUR BARRELS, to whom constant employment will be given and good wages up to next Harvest, if immediate application is made at our Barrel Factories, in Frederick City.
KOONTZ & CONLEY,
JOSEPH PAYNE,
HINTZ & WEIST.
Nov. 1, 1867. 3t

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with FLOUR, &c., on every MONDAY and FRIDAY, of each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed Stuff will leave their orders either with John Chrismer, or Danner & Ziegler, stating the kind and quantity, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings.
GEORGE GINGELL.
Sept. 27, 1867. tf

PRICES at the Excelsior cannot be underrated while the quality and style of PICTURES cannot be surpassed. Call and examine.
C. J. TYSON.

CLEAN FACES.—Just received another supply of Razors, Strops, Brushes and Soap, at ROW & WOODS'.

VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber will sell his

VALUABLE FARM,

in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., containing

THREE HUNDRED ACRES.

The improvements are good, a large BRICK HOUSE, Switzer Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, &c. The land is all Granite soil, and in a good state of cultivation.

THIS IS ONE OF THE BEST WHEAT AND GRASS FARMS IN THE COUNTY,

and would answer well for a Dairy. There are three wells of never-failing water, and a running stream through the farm, furnishing never-failing water in nearly all the fields.

The farm will be sold in parts of 100 and 200 Acres, to suit purchasers.

I will also sell my DWELLING HOUSE, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, which is a very desirable property.

Any person wishing to view the properties will be shown them by the subscriber, living in Gettysburg. R. McCURDY.
Oct. 11, 1867. tf

CARROLLSBURG

FARM AND MILLS,

ON TOM'S CREEK,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, desiring to discontinue business, offers at Private Sale, his

HIGHLY VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

situate on Tom's Creek, partly in Adams county, Pa., and partly in Frederick county, Md., on the Waynesboro' turnpike, two miles west of Emmitsburg, consisting of a first-rate

FARM, MILLS, WOOD-LAND, &C.

The FARM, which is under good cultivation and good fencing, contains say 350 ACRES, with due proportions of Meadow and Timber. The improvements are a large STONE MANSION HOUSE, with Back-buildings, three Tenant Houses, large Bank Barn, (56 by 102 feet,) Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, and other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water at the kitchen door, and a never-failing spring between the house and barn. There are two thriving young APPLE ORCHARDS on the premises, with a variety of other fruit. Also,

A FIRST-CLASS GRIST & MERCHANT MILL,

AND SAW MILL,

on a constant stream of water, with a fine run of custom; Cooper Shop, Miller's House, and other out-buildings. There is LIMESTONE on the Farm.

In addition to the above, the subscriber offers 200 ACRES OF TIMBERLAND, well set in valuable timber, adjoining the Farm.

The improvements with 200 or more acres can be bought separately, or all together, as the purchaser or purchasers may desire.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, residing on the premises.
JOSEPH P. McDIVIT.
July 15, 1867.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES

FOR SALE.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.,
Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

Two No. 1 STORE STANDS for sale or rent, with stock of goods doing a good business, near Railroad, situated in beautiful villages; good chance for persons wishing to engage in the business. Possession given any time.

A LIMESTONE FARM of 55 acres, near Railroad, brick house and all necessary out-buildings.

A LIMESTONE FARM of 100 acres, with Flour and Saw Mill, house, barn, and other out-buildings, situated in Baltimore county, Md., 18 miles from Baltimore.

A LIMESTONE FARM of 180 acres, brick house, brick barn, in Baltimore county, Md., 17 miles from Baltimore.

A LARGE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, with Dwelling, situated in a county seat, near Railroad and Depot. Good chance for doing all kinds of work. Also, several Town Lots will be sold with the above property if desired.

A FARM OF 100 ACRES, in Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

A FARM OF 165 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings, all new.

A LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 25 Acres of land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM OF 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all other necessary out-buildings.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A HOTEL in New Oxford, two-story, roomy, and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford. Address,
JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
April 1, 1867. 1y

A VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers his FARM for sale. It is situated in Adams county, Pa., near the York and Gettysburg Turnpike, 3 miles from New Oxford, 8 from Gettysburg, and 1 mile from Gulden's Station, adjoining lands of Ralph Fickes, Nicholas Moritz, Nicholas Heltzel, and John Cashman, containing 72 ACRES and 42 perches—about 9 acres in timber, with a due proportion of meadow. The land has been limed over, and is under good fencing. The fields are laid off conveniently, with water in almost all of them. The improvements are a Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE and Back-building, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, under the same roof, Hog House, Smoke House and Summer House, Spring House with a never-failing spring close to the building; a good Apple Orchard, besides peaches and all other kinds of fruit, on the place. It is in every respect a most desirable property.

Persons wishing to view the premises are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon. E. G. HEAGY.
Sept. 6, 1867. 3m

VIRGINIA, LOUDON CO., LAND,

FOR SALE.

ONE FARM, containing about 240 ACRES, situated on the Turnpike road, 8 miles below Leesburg, 3 miles from Guilford Station, and 3 miles from Farmwell Station. The cleared land laid off into 7 fields, water sufficient for stock in each field, plenty of timber on the farm for the use of the same; a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, a large stable, Corn House, Meat House, Ice House, and a good Store House on the premises. A good stand for a Country Store. The land is good, is easy to improve, takes clover very well, yields good crops of wheat, corn, oats and hay. This is a very good Farm, was bought by the present owners in 1851, and a good part of it cost fifty dollars per acre. There is a good Orchard, and a well of water on the premises.

This Farm will be sold at the low price of thirty-eight dollars per acre, if the cash is paid down. A good deed given when the terms are complied with. Can give full possession 25th Dec., 1867, provided it is sold previous to renting for another year. Apply to MARY A. JONES,
Hillsboro', Louden county, Va.
Aug. 30, 1867. 3m

VIRGINIA LAND FOR SALE.

ONE FARM contains about 350 Acres, is 7 miles below Leesburg, on the Turnpike, 2 miles from Farmwell Station, and 3 miles from Guilford Station on the Alexandria L. & H. R. Road. This is a very desirable Farm, and a healthy place to live. The cleared land is divided into 7 fields, with running water in several of them. There is a large Log DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, Meat House and Dairy on the farm, and a well of excellent water in the yard. This well affords plenty of good water the driest season. There is plenty of timber on the farm for the use of the same. The land is good, and produces good crops of Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay &c. There is a fine Orchard, in full bearing. The land is easy to improve, and takes clover finely. The fencing is in good order. (A good many families of Northern people have settled in the neighborhood.)

Can give full possession 25th December, 1867, provided it is sold previous to renting for another year. For want of money, the owners offer this farm at the low price of thirty dollars per acre, *cash paid down.* A good deed given when the terms are complied with.
MARY A. JONES,
Hillsboro', Loudon county, Va.
Aug. 30, 1867. 3m

JONES' MILL FOR SALE.

THIS is a large FRAME MILL on the Turnpike, 8 miles below Leesburg, in Loudon county, Va. The works in the Mill are in pretty good repair, as a Saw and Grist Mill. There is a Miller's house and 8 acres of land with the Mill. The mill race is not over three hundred yards long from the dam to the mill; would take but little expense to make it a very valuable property, as there is no mill for 5 miles. The other mills were all burned during the war.

This mill would be sold very cheap for cash. Apply to MARY A. JONES.
Aug. 30, 1867. 3m

A FIRST-CLASS FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

WITHIN two miles of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. For further information, apply to WM. WIBLE,
Sept. 27, 1867. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

Small Farm and Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Harrisburg road, two miles from Gettysburg, containing 34 ACRES, improved with a one and a half story BRICK HOUSE, a good Barn, (56 feet long,) a never-failing well of water, with a pump in it, a young Apple Orchard, and other fruit. About 13 acres are in Timber, and there is a fair proportion of meadow. The land has nearly all been limed, and is in a productive condition.

Terms accommodating.
August 5, 1867. tf J. M. WALTER.

GET your PHOTOGRAPHS at TYSON'S.

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS!

HAVING bought out my former partner, and been to the city and purchased

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

I am now prepared to accommodate all in quality and price. I am determined

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD

in this or any other part of the country. "Quick sales and short profits," is my motto.

My stock of Goods consists of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
QUEENS-WARE,
HARD-WARE,
EARTHEN-WARE,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES.

In fact, everything kept in a FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE. Come and see my stock. No charge for showing Goods.
J. S. TAUGHINBAUGH.
Hampton, Nov. 1, 1867. 4m

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD

Has now opened a large Stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and READY-MADE CLOTHING, mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CRAVATS.

Hosiery, &c., &c., at prices to suit the times. Call, examine and judge for yourselves.
Nov. 1, 1867. tf

PICKING

JUST FROM THE CITY!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Prices Reduced! Reduced! Reduced!

F. B. PICKING, just from the city, with an enormous stock of new

CLOTHING, NOTIONS, &C.,

offers bargains of the most astonishing character. To prove the assertion, all he asks is that buyers will

COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!

and judge for themselves. He has

COATS,
Over Coats,
Black Frock Coats,
Cloth Sack Coats,
Cassimere Sack Coats,
Satinet Sack Coats,
Tweed Sack Coats.

PANTS,
Black Cassimere Pants,
Fancy Cassimere Pants,
Satinet Pants,
Tweed Pants.

VESTS,
Cloth Vests,
Cassimere Vests,
Satinet Vests,
Velvet Vests,
German Vests.

NOTIONS,
Gloves, Suspenders,
Black Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Spring Stocks,
Paper & Linen Collars, &c.

CLOCKS,
Eight-day Clocks,
Thirty-hour Clocks,
Alarm Clocks,
Gothic Clocks,
Trunks and Umbrellas.

ALSO,
Violins, Accordeons,
Flutes, Fifes,
Violin Strings.

Buying at the *latest* and *lowest* decline, PICKING can sell at the very LOWEST prices. No doubt about it. Everybody says so.
Nov. 1, 1867.

POHTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

LADIES' COMPANIONS,

TOILET SETS,

WRITING DESKS,

PERFUMERY,

Fancy China and Bohemian Vases,

TOYS, &C., &C., &C.,

AT J. M. WARNER'S,

Opposite Fahnestocks' Store.

Gettysburg, Oct. 25, 1867.

LEWIS STROUSE

Has bought back his old stand, on Carlisle street and is going into business again heavier than ever. He asks his old friends and the public to call.

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, CONFECTIONS, SEGARS, TOBACCOS, &C., &C., &C.,

in large variety, and a little cheaper than the cheapest. Don't forget the place—nearly opposite the Railroad Station.
Gettysburg, Oct. 11, 1867. tf

MILLINERY

AND MANTUA-MAKING.

Barbara Ertter and Rebecca A. Fink

HAVE started the Millinery and Mantua-making trades in Chambersburg street, in the rear of Fink's Store, and invite the ladies of town and country to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case. Plain Sewing and Stitching also done.
Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1867.

HUNTERSTOWN

MILLINERY.

ROSIE M. MONFORT has returned from the city with an assortment of the latest styles of

BONNETS AND HATS.

Ready-made Bonnets always on hand.

Ladies' black Caps and Head-dresses made and for sale.

Feathers cleaned and curled equal to new.

Felt Hats re-blocked in the latest styles.

All work in the millinery line done at short notice.
Hunterstown, Oct. 18, 1867. 2m

1867. FALL 1867.

MILLINERY.

JENNIE L. RINEHART and LOTTIE A. MILLER are now prepared to do MILLINERY work of all kinds. Also DRESS-MAKING and TAILORING done to order. Residence in Hunterstown.
Oct. 11, 1867. 2m*

ATTENTION, ZOUAVES!

UNTIL further orders, the "GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES" will meet at their Armory for business and drill EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, and in FULL DRESS the THIRD SATURDAY of each month at 10 o'clock, A. M. By order of the Captain,
WM. H. EYSTER, O. S.
Oct. 4, 1867. tf

Administratrix's Notice.

SARAH GILLILAND'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Gilliland, (of Samuel,) late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
HANNAH MARGARET GILLILAND,
Administratrix.
Oct. 25, 1867. 6t

FOR Delaines, Mohairs, Alpacas, Lustres, De Beges, Lawns, Plaids, Poplins, Challies, Silks, &c., the ladies should call and see the new styles at ROW & WOODS'.

500 MILES

OF THE

UNION

PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Running West from Omaha

ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

THE Union Pacific Railroad Company have built a longer line of railroad in the last eighteen months than was ever built by any other company in the same time, and they will continue the work with the same energy until it is completed. The Western Division is being pushed rapidly eastward from Sacramento by the Central Pacific Company of California, and it is expected that

THE ENTIRE GRAND LINE

to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870. MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WORK HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE, MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WHOLE LINE IS NOW IN RUNNING ORDER, AND MORE LABORERS ARE NOW EMPLOYED UPON IT THAN EVER BEFORE. More than

FORTY MILLION DOLLARS IN MONEY

have already been expended by the two powerful companies that have undertaken the enterprise, and there is no lack of funds for its most vigorous prosecution. When the United States Government found it necessary to secure the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad, to develop and protect its own interests, it gave the Companies authorized to build it such ample aid as should render its speedy completion beyond a doubt. The available means of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, derived from the Government and its own stockholders, may be briefly summed up as follows:

1.—UNITED STATES BONDS.

Having thirty years to run and bearing six per cent. currency interest at the rate of $16,000 per mile for 517 miles on the plains; then at the rate of $48,000 per mile for 150 miles through the Rocky Mountains; then at the rate of $32,000 per mile for the remaining distance, for which the United States takes *a second lien* as security. The interest on these bonds is paid by the United States government, which also pays the company one-half the amount of its bills in money for transporting its freight, troops, mails, &c. The remaining half of these bills is placed to the company's credit, and forms a sinking fund which may finally discharge the whole amount of this lien. The claims against the government since April of the current year amount to four and one-half times this interest.

2.—FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

By its charter the Company is permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the bonds issued by the government, and *no more, and only as the road progresses.* The Trustees for the bondholders are the Hon. E. D. Morgan, U. S. Senator from New York, and the Hon. Oakes Ames, Member of U. S. House of Representatives, who are responsible for the delivery of these bonds to the Company in strict accordance with the terms of the law.

3.—THE LAND GRANT.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company has a land grant or absolute *donation* from the government of 12,800 acres to the mile on the road, which will not be worth less than $1 50 per acre at the lowest valuation.

4.—THE CAPITAL STOCK.

The authorized capital of the Union Pacific Railroad Company is $100,000,000, of which over $5,000,000 have been paid on the work already done.

THE MEANS SUFFICIENT TO BUILD THE ROAD.

Contracts for the entire work of building 914 miles of first-class railroad west of Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, and embracing every expense except surveying, have been made with responsible parties (who have already finished over 500 miles,) at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars ($68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary shops for construction and repairs of cars, depots, stations and all other incidental buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage, and freight cars, and other requisite rolling-stock, to an amount that shall not be less than $5,000 per mile. Allowing the cost of the remaining one hundred and eighty-six of the eleven hundred miles assumed to be built by the Pacific Company to be $90,000 per mile.

THE TOTAL COST OF ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

914 miles, at $68,058	$62,205,012
186 miles, at $90,000	16,740,000
Add discounts on bonds, surveys &c	4,500,000
Amount	$83,445,012

As the U. S. Bonds are equal to money, and the Company's own First Mortgage Bonds have a ready market, we have as the

AVAILABLE CASH RESOURCES FOR BUILDING ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES.

U. S. Bonds	$29,328,000
First Mortgage Bonds	29,328,000
Capital stock paid in on work done	5,369,750
Land Grant, 14,080,000 acres, $1 50 per a.	21,120,000
Total	$85,145,750

The company have ample facilities for supplying any deficiency that may arise in means for construction. This may be done wholly or in part by additional subscriptions to capital stock.

Active inquiry has already been made for a portion of these lands, and arrangements are now proposed to offer a part of them for sale. While their whole value will not be available for some years to come, they will remain a very important source of revenue to the Company. The lands of the Illinois Central Railroad Company are selling at from $6 to $12 per acre, and other land-grant companies in the West are receiving equal prices for similar properties.

FUTURE BUSINESS.

The most skeptical have never expressed a doubt that when the Union Pacific Railroad is finished the immense business that must flow over it, as the only railroad connecting the two grand divisions of the North American continent, will be one of the wonders of railway transportation; and as it will have no competitor it can always charge remunerative rates.

EARNINGS FROM WAY BUSINESS.

During the quarter ending July 31, an average of 325 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad was in operation. The Superintendent's Report shows the following result:

EARNINGS.	
Passengers, Freight, Telegraph, Mails,	$723,755 54
Transportation of Contractors' Materials and Men	479,283 41
Total	$1,203,038 95
EXPENSES.	
Fuel, Repairs, Offices, Conductors, Trains, &c.	$395,530 92
NET EARNINGS to balance	807,508 03
Total	$1,203,038 95

The net operating expenses on the commercial business for the quarter were $237,968 98. The account for the COMMERCIAL BUSINESS stands as follows:

Earnings for May, June and July	$723,755 54
Expenses, " " "	237,966 50
Net Profit	$485,789 04

The amount of Bonds the Company can issue on 325 miles, at $16,000 per mile, is $5,200,000. Interest in gold, three months, at 6 per cent., on this sum, is $78,000; add 40 per cent. premium, to correspond with currency earnings, is $109,200—showing that the net earnings for this quarter were *more than four times the interest* on the First Mortgage Bonds on this length of road.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

whose principal is so amply provided for, and whose interest is so thoroughly secured, must be classed among the *safest* investments. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

and are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, and accrued interest at Six Per Cent. in Currency from July 1.

Many parties are taking advantage of the present high price of Government stocks to exchange for these Bonds, which are over FIFTEEN PER CENT. CHEAPER, and, at the current rate of premium on gold, pay

OVER NINE PER CENT. INTEREST.

Subscriptions will be received in GETTYSBURG, by GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK and FIRST NATIONAL BANK, and in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau street.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall st.,
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall st.,
and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained on application. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
Nov. 15, 1867. 1m

FLOUR, GROCERY & NOTION STORE.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE

CONTINUES the FLOUR, GROCERY & NOTION BUSINESS, at the old stand, in York street, adjoining the Globe Inn, Gettysburg. With a full variety of goods, low prices, and every disposition to please, he hopes to merit a continuance of public patronage.

The best of FLOUR always on hand—particular attention paid to this branch.

Also, Hams and Bacon, Fish, Potatoes, Dried Fruit of every kind, with a choice assortment of Molasses, Syrups, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Chocolate, Spices, Salt, Corn Starch, Rice Flour, Coffee Extracts, pure Cider Vinegar, &c.

A full line of Confectionery, also Figs, Raisins, Prunes, &c.; common and fancy Soaps, Perfumery, and any quantity of Notions; the nicest Stationery in town—indeed, a variety that must be seen to be appreciated.

He must not forget to mention his Segars and Tobaccos, the very best brands.

Also, Willow-ware, Crockery-ware, Brooms and Brushes, Coal Oil and Coal-oil Lamps—and a thousand other articles, not to be enumerated in a newspaper advertisement.

Call and examine goods and prices, and you will be sure to find it to your interest to buy.
August 23, 1867.

Executor's Notice.

JOSEPH RIDER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Rider, late of the borough of Littlestown, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Germany township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
WILLIAM RIDER,
Executor.
Oct. 18, 1867. 6t

Choice Western Pre-emption Lands.

I HAVE several Tracts of choice Western PRE-EMPTION LANDS, good locations, near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well-settled neighborhoods, which I will exchange at a fair price for real estate in Adams county.
GEO. ARNOLD.
Aug. 12, 1867. tf

MARRIED LIFE.

INFORMATION and advice of vital importance to the married of both sexes, in a sealed envelope, can be obtained free of charge, by addressing the undersigned. Respectfully,
JAMES S. BUTLER,
823 Broadway, New York.
Oct. 18, 1867. 3m

SHINGLES.

PRIME SHINGLES, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS's new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg.
Nov. 26, 1868. tf

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers A. SCOTT & SON.

The Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 29, 1867.

A QUESTION ABOUT MANURE.

It is the general practice in this country to allow the manure formed in the barnyard during the winter to remain there until seeding time in the fall. Is this an economical plan? Does not the manure undergo considerable loss in the yard during the warm weather of summer?

It has been calculated by those who have had experience and the means of ascertaining, that for every ten hundred weight of dry fodder, hay or straw used, the farmer may expect from twenty to twenty-five hundred weight of manure, *in the spring.*

This ten hundred weight of dry food and straw will, as before stated, produce from twenty to twenty-five hundred weight of fresh dung, which at the end of six weeks will weigh but twenty-one hundred; at the end of eight weeks but twenty; when half rotten but from fifteen to seventeen; when entirely rotten, but from ten to thirteen.

Thus, we see that by the time the manure is fully rotten, one-fourth of the weight is lost, and the mass is diminished in bulk one half. These remarks apply to manure which is left exposed to the action of the sun and rain.

The main loss is in water; but there is a very large loss in ammonia and other volatile substances, which are evaporated by the heat of the sun, or washed out by the rain.

The question then, is: Would it not be better to haul the manure out to the field in the spring and plough it under, so that what loss by decomposition and fermentation does take place may be absorbed by the soil?

If enriching the soil was the only object in view, it would without doubt be most economical to plough the manure under as soon as possible after it is formed: but there are other points to be considered, as, for instance, the state of the soil with regard to texture.

If the soil is light and very open, it would not be economical to plough in long or fresh manure, for it would have a tendency to make it still more so; the rain would wash the soluble portions of the manure too deep before they could be absorbed by the soil, and in this way a greater loss might be created than if the manure had remained in the barnyard. But in heavy or common soils it is undoubtedly more economical to plough in the straw and other manure while in a long and fresh state, for it will then have a tendency to render the soil more open and permit a more free passage of the air.

English farmers think this by far the better plan, for it converts the whole field into a heap of compost, and fermentation goes on slowly, and as fast as the volatile portions are given off they are absorbed and retained by the soil.

The crop for which the manure is applied must also more or less influence the manner of application. If the crop is one which grows quickly and soon reaches maturity, it would not be economical to apply long, fresh manure, for the plant would be done growing before the manure was sufficiently decomposed to affect it much. But if, on the other hand, the crop is one which grows slowly, and it is desirable to furnish it with nourishment throughout the whole growth, then long manure will better accomplish the effect than common fermented or decomposed manure.

I consider that I obtain more from my manure by spreading it on the sod and ploughing it under for corn, than I do by keeping it, *even with the best care*, until fall, and applying it to the oats stubble to be ploughed in for wheat.

I think that the corn crop appropriates what would be lost by evaporation, had the manure been retained in the barnyard in the usual way. And when seeding time come in the fall, the manure is thoroughly incorporated with the soil and is ready to fertilize the wheat as soon as it begins to grow.

I do not find from several trials that the oats is sensibly affected by the manure, as I do not turn it up when ploughing for oats.—*B. B. T., Berks county, Pa.*

IRON AND VEGETABLES.—A curious discovery, says the *American Farmer*, Baltimore, has been made in France, regarding the influence of iron on vegetables. On the chalky shores, vegetation is sere and withered in appearance, which, it appears, is removed by the application of a solution of the sulphate of iron. Harricot beans, watered with this substance, acquired an addition of sixty per cent. Mulberries, peaches, pears, grape vines and wheat, derive advantages from the same treatment In the cultivation of clover, wonderful advantages have been gained by the application of the sulphate of iron on soils where it is desired to produce an early crop. In view of these facts the *Farmer* asks: "What becomes of all the scales which fall from the anvils of our land?"

CUTTING TIMBER.—Cut timber from September to December, and you cannot get a worm into it. October and November are perhaps the best months, and are sure to avoid worms. You cut from March to June and you cannot save the timber from worms or borers.

JOSEPH CLOUD, of East Nantmeal, Chester county, informs the *Record* that he raised this year from one seed a pumpkin vine 780 feet long, bearing 348 pounds of pumpkins, the largest weighing over 60 pounds.

THE only way to form the habit of early rising is to jump out of bed the moment you awake. The man who hesitates when called, is lost. The mind should be made up in a minute, for early rising is one of those subjects that admit of no *turning over.*

THREE DEERS AT A SHOT.—One day last week a colored man of Cumberland, Md., while out hunting, observed three deers approaching him, and taking good aim be fired at the lot, and brought down all three, killing two of them and wounding the other. He secured two, but the wounded one managed to get away.

"I HOPE, my little daughter," I said one morning, "that you will be able to control your little temper to-day."

"Yes, mamma; and I hope *you* will be able to control your big temper."

SALNAVE, the new negro President of Hayti, is said to be taking measures to secure himself in the permanent occupancy of the Presidential chair.

A FIRE broke out on Thursday night at Princeton, Illinois, which destroyed property to the amount of the estimated value of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

A BOILER exploded at an iron mill in Pittsburg on Friday week, killing twenty persons and wounding many others. The building subsequently took fire and was destroyed.

A NEW ORLEANS widow, on the sunny side of forty, has just taken to herself an eighth husband.

McCURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &C.

THE undersigned are paying, at their Warehouse, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &C.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling.

They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

Gettysburg, July 1, 1867.

GREEN RIDGE!

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS!

JOHN NORBECK

HAS commenced Store-keeping at GREEN RIDGE, in Hamilton township, Adams co., on the Hampton turnpike, and would inform the public that he has just returned from the city with an excellent assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, CEDAR-WARE, TIN-WARE, CANDIES, NOTIONS,

Tobaccos, &c., &c.—indeed, a full and complete line of Goods, to suit the necessities and tastes of all. His prices are as low as the very lowest—Calicoes at [illegible] cents and Muslins at 11 cents, as instances.

He feels that his goods and prices will be satisfactory to the public, and therefore invites a large share of custom, from near and far. Don't forget the advice—the Green Ridge Store is *the* place to get the full worth of your money.

April 22, 1867. tf

NEW GOODS.

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

IF you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at

JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE,

near Myers's Hotel, in CHAMBERSBURG ST., Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &C.,

the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them CUT, can have it done free of charge. Those desiring goods MADE UP, can also be accommodated. We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best and most durable

SEWING MACHINES,

and are always ready to wait on customers. Full satisfaction given in operating machines. Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.

JACOBS & BRO.

April 8, 1867. tf

Farmers, Attend to Your Interests!

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND CLEANERS, CORN SHELLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORNFODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS;

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new.

DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

CHEAP FOR CASH!

NEW STORE! GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

The undersigned has retured to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimire street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of Groceries,—

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SALT, &C., with FISH,

BACON, LARD, &C.

Also, Liquors,—

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, WHISKIES, RUMS,

and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1867.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,

MECHANICAL BAKERS,

South Washington street, one square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call.

April 20, 1863. tf

Gifts for Christmas & New Years!

A SUPERB STOCK OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ALL WARRANTED TO RUN, AND THOROUGHLY REGULATED AT THE LOW PRICE OF $10 EACH, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches.	$250	to	$1000
100 Magic Cased Gold Watches	250	to	500
100 Ladies' Watches, enameled.	100	to	300
200 Gold Hunting Chron. Watches,	250	to	300
200 Gold Hunting English Levers	200	to	250
300 Gold Hunting Dup. Watches.	150	to	200
500 Gold Hunting Amer. Watches,	100	to	250
500 Silver Hunting Levers.	50	to	150
500 Silver Hunting Duplexes	75	to	250
500 Gold Ladies' Watches.	50	to	250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lepines	50	to	75
1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches.	50	to	100
2,500 Hunting Silver Watches	25	to	50
5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds	10	to	75

The above stock will be disposed of on the POPULAR ONE-PRICE PLAN, giving every patron a fine Gold or Solid Silver Watch for $10, without regard to value!

WRIGHT, BRO. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth $1,000 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than $10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straightforward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and elegant premium for $5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for $10, one hundred and most superb Watch for $15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection on delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address

WRIGHT, BROTHER & CO., Importers,
161 Broadway, New York.

Nov. 1, 1867. 3m

PAINTS FOR FARMERS

AND OTHERS.

THE Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address

DANIEL BIDWELL,
254 Pearl Street, New York.

Sept. 6, 1867. 6m

BARK WANTED.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

GO TO

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S,

IF YOU WISH

TO BUY CHEAP

BLACK CLOTHS,

COLORED CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS,

FRENCH MERINOS,

COLORED ALPACAS,

BLACK ALPACAS,

MOHAIR LUSTERS,

WOOL DELAINES

FANCY DELAINES

COBURGS,

CALICOES,

MUSLINS,

SHAWLS,

BLANKETS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

COLLARS & CUFFS,

QUEENSWARE,

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

or anything else in the

DRY GOODS & NOTION LINE.

N. W. cor. of the Square,

Sept 20 1867. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

have just received their

NEW

FALL STOCK,

the largest in the county—consisting of

DRY GOODS,

MERINOES,

POPLINS,

MUSLINS,

ALPACAS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELS,

DELAINES,

CALICOES,

&C., &C., &C.,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

in every variety.

CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap.

SHAWLS, all kinds and prices.

BLANKETS, very cheap.

QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county and very cheap.

HARDWARE and Saddlery, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds.

IRON AND NAILS,

OILS AND PAINTS.

Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Gettysburg, Oct. 4, 1867. tf

J. L. SCHICK,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF CENTER SQUARE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has just received a splendid assortment of Fall and Winter DRY GOODS, comprising in part as follows:

FRENCH MERINOES,

ALL WOOL POPLINS,

NEW STYLE OF FANCY POPLINS,

BISMARK POPLINS,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

ALL WOOL PLAIDS,

BLACK AND FANCY SILKS,

LADIES' CLOAKING CLOTHS,

NEW STYLE OF FALL GOODS,

DELAINES AND CALICOES,

FLANNELS IN GREAT VARIETY,

BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS,

CASHMERETTS AND JEANS,

LADIES' FURS IN GREAT VARIETY,

GLOVES AND STOCKINGS,

CORSETS, HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS,

STATIONERY AND PERFUMERY.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

TIN-WARE & STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(former Andrew Polley's;) also some of

THE BEST COOKING STOVES IN MARKET,

among which are the

OLD DOMINION,

COMPROMISE,

PENNSYLVANIA,

NOBLE COOK,

ECONOMIST,

BARLEY SHEAF, &c

Also, many other articles for Kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

S. G. COOK.

June 24, 1867. tf

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

E. HITESHEW

is now receiving a large stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of Goods, which I am now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war, and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing Goods at as low figures as any in the trade, I am also prepared to meet competition in low prices from any and all quarters.

Prompt conformity to the lowest market prices is my established rule.

E. HITESHEW.

Petersburg, (Y. S.,) Oct. 18, 1867.

GENTLEMEN'S furnishing Goods all kinds and styles at NORRIS'.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1864.

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE.

NEW AND GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &C.

MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&C., &C., &C., &C.

BOY'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &C., &C.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will also be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first-class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, June 24, 1867.

NEW DRUG STORE,

IN NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned has opened a Drug Store in New Oxford, Adams county, and respectfully calls the attention of the public to his stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a full assortment of DRUGS; in a word a complete stock of Goods generally kept in a first-class Drug Store. All of which have been purchased during the past two weeks, and will be sold low. All the articles formerly manufactured at the old establishment in East Berlin can be had here. Understanding his business perfectly, and selecting his goods himself, he is able to warrant his Drugs pure and as represented. The public are requested to give him a trial.

D. M. MILLER.

New Oxford, May 6, 1867. 6m

IRON—IRON—IRON!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their Steam Mill, and are now manufactring

FORGED AND HAMMERED IRON,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.

BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for wrought and scrap iron. B. & W.

Dec. 17, 1866.

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURE, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the county, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves.

LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,

165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear, Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

HOUSE PAINTING.

GEORGE A. WARNER, HOUSE PAINTER,

South Washington st., Gettysburg, Pa.

GOOD WORK AND MODERATE PRICES.

July 29, 1867.

A FARM WANTED.

ANY person having a good FARM for sale, and willing to take in part payment one or more tracts of choice Western Land, located in well settled neighborhoods, near County Towns, Rail Roads, &c., will find a purchaser by enquiring at this office.

Sept. 6, 1867. tf

For Sale Cheap.

A FIRST-RATE SHINGLE MILL and SAW MILL with plenty of work, three miles from Cashtown, Adams county, Pa.

A. M. HUNTER.

Aug. 12, 1867. tf

For Sale.—A Valuable Merchant Mill,

BARK MILL and SAW MILL, with 40 ACRES OF LAND, known as "Sandoe's Mill," on Marsh Creek, in Adams county, Pa., 4 miles northwest from Emmittsburg, and 8 miles southwest from Gettysburg, all in good order, water power heavy, and in a good grain country.

ALSO—

One other MILL, known as "Hollinger's Mill," with 60 ACRES OF LAND, one mile from Abbottstown, on the Hanover turnpike. All in good order.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Aug. 12, 1867. tf

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, Northeast corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.

Dec. 3, 1860.

Cemetery Removals.

BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, and hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,
Keeper of the Cemetery.

March 12, 1860.

WESTERN LANDS.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

J. BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

PERSONS wishing PHOTOGRAPHS of their children will find it to their advantage to call at the Excelsior.

C. J. TYSON, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; John Wolford, Latimore; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban, John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy; Wm. Ross White, Liberty.

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,088—$6,-769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 BUSHELS GRIAN WANTED.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load. They will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS.

from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866. tf

SEWING MACHINES.

The Grover & Baker.—The Best in Use.

THESE Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money*, and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 27, 1866. tf

Secure a Large Wheat Crop

BY USING

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE.

WHICH contains by analysis of Prof. A. Snowden Piggott,

3.75 per cent. of Ammonia and
52.57 " " Bone Phosphate of Lime,
besides over 14 per cent. of Soluble Salts.

This article stands prominent on the list of valuable Fertilizers, years of trial having gained for it an enviable reputation.

Being made from Raw Bones, which contain all their original organic matter, it retains the *Durable Properties of Bone, and while it produces large crops, it renovates and permanently improves the soil.*

A TRIAL OF IT IS ALL THAT IS NEEDED to convince any one of its great merits.

The public are cautioned against several spurious imitations of this article called "Raw Bone," "Raw Bone Phosphate," &c. Many Farmers have been greatly deceived by purchasing them. Be sure to specify "BAUGH'S."

It is packed in Bags and Barrels, and is prepared in a fine powder suitable for drilling.

Send for a Circular to me or my agents,

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Manufacturers' Agent,
Nos. 97 & 105 Smith's Wharf,
Baltimore, Md.

For sale by CULP & EARNSHAW, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 23, 1867. 3m

Great Conowago Mills.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned, having remodeled and improved his Mills, near New Chester, Adams county, (formerly called "Walnut Grove," but now "Great Conowago Mills,") is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch.

Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra and Family FLOUR, also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and offal of wheat.

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A Farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat exchanged for flour and the log sawed, thus saving a double trip—and all because of the perfect machinery now employed in these mills.

Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please everybody. Thankful for past favors, he hopes for a continuance of the same.

H. J. MYERS.

New Chester, April 22, 1867. 1y*

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has

WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF INCH BOARDS, FLOORING,

PALINGS, &C., &C.,

and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

JACOB SHEADS.

Oct. 29, 1863. tf

FRESH CONFECTIONARY

AND

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has a Confectionary Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on CHAMBERSBURG STREET, to which he would invite their attention.

CAKES, CANDIES, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CONFECTIONS,

together with NUTS, ORANGES and all kinds of FRUITS, always on hand.

PARTIES, public and private, as well as FAMILIES, will be furnished with all kinds of CAKES, ICE CREAM, in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other REFRESHMENTS, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it, and that he is able to give entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionary.

JOHN GRUEL.

May 28, 1866. tf

CHAS. A. WESTCOTT. I. LOUIS GEORGE

WESTCOTT & GEORGE,

SUCCESSORS TO

PHILIP WILSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GUNS, PISTOLS, RIFLES,

Cricket and Base Ball Implements,

FISHING TACKLE, SKATES,

Croquet, Archery, &c.,

No. 409 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

May 13, 1867. 6m

GROVENSTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVENSTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVENSTEEN'S PIANOS,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

ARE unrivaled for DURABILITY, POWER and EVENNESS of TONE. They are fast becoming the favorite OVER ALL OTHERS, with Musicians, Amateurs and all lovers of GOOD MUSIC. They are WARRANTED in every respect. Prices ONE-THIRD LOWER than other FIRST-CLASS makers. Send for Circular.

GROVENSTEEN & CO.,
499 Broadway, New York.

Oct. 18, 1867. 3m

EVERHART'S

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

CONSTANTLY on hand, an assortment of Fine FRAMES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Cards and Baskets for grasses from the Battle-field. PHOTOGRAPHS of our Generals and other distinguished individuals at the Excelsior Gallery.

C. J. TYSON.

IN order to prove the assertions made in favor of procuring PHOTOGRAPHS at the Excelsior Gallery, call and sit for your PICTURE. No charge will be made unless you are pleased with the result and choose to leave your order.

C. J. TYSON.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

DRY GOODS

FOR

FALL AND WINTER WEAR

at the Store of

A. SCOTT & SON.

Their stock consists of

MERINOES, all styles.

DELAINES, all styles.

CALICOES, all styles.

MUSLINS, all grades.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

of all styles and quality.

Persons wanting GOOD GOODS and GOOD BARGAINS,

Should not fail to go to the Store of

A. SCOTT & SON,

Chambersburg street, 2nd Square,

Oct. 11, 1867. Gettysburg, Pa.

BARGAINS

AT THE

NEW GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVE opened a new GROCERY, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, and have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c.

Also, QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,
J. W. CRESS.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

SOLDIERS'

HEAD-QUARTERS,

At NORRIS' STORE, is the place to get

FALL & WINTER GOODS

CHEAP FOR CASH.

IF you want a cheap Over-coat, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good cheap Dress-coat, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good Every-day Coat, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a late Fall style Cap, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want anything in the Gentleman's Line, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'.

IF you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING, go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons preferring the goods to Ready-made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

THEO. C. NORRIS.

Oct. 11, 1867. tf

THE BEST WASHING MACHINE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor. Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK. D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 24, 1867. tf

WATCHES! WATCHES!!

LEWIS STROUSE

Is largely engaged in the Watch trade, and has just returned from New York with an unusually attractive assortment. He offers such bargains as cannot fail to be acceptable to buyers. His stock embraces a large lot of the

CELEBRATED "AMERICAN WATCHES,"

GOLD AND SILVER, viz:

"P. S. Bartlett," Wm. Ellery," and "Appleton & Tracy;"

with Watches of almost all other makes.

If you want CHEAP and GOOD Watch, call on

LEWIS STROUSE,
At his old Stand, Carlisle street,
nearly opposite the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.

He continues the Grocery, Notion and Confectionery business, as heretofore.

June 24, 1867. tf

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON the Hill, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,

WAGON SADDLES,

CARRIAGE HARNESS,

DRAUGHT HARNESS,

RIDING BRIDLES,

BLIND BRIDLES,

COLLARS,

FLY-NETS &c.,

as low as the lowest.

J. M. ROWE.

June 24, 1867. tf

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE,

DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

Orders promptly attended to.

Sept. 20, 1867. tf

HAY WANTED.

THE undersigned will pay the highest market prices for HAY. Inquire at Spangler's Warehouse, Gettysburg.

GEO. H. STRICKHOUSER.

Nov. 28, 1866. tf

THE NORTH AMERICAN

LIFE AND ACCIDENT

INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 432 Walnut street, PHILADELPHIA.

Capital......................$500,000.

OFFICERS:

LEWIS L. HOUPT, President,
S. P. DARLINGTON, Sec'y. and Treas.

DIRECTORS:

Lewis L. Houpt,	J. E. Kingsley,
Samuel C. Palmer,	James M. Conrad,
W. W. Kurtz,	John Bingham,
H. G. Leisenring,	Thomas K. Peterson,
James Shields,	John A. Wright.

Insures persons of any age or occupation against death, either from

DISEASE OR ACCIDENT,

at Lowest Cash Rates.

All life policies of this Company are payable at the age of 80; so that a man may enjoy the benefit of his investment in his old age, if his life is protracted beyond fourscore years.

HENRY A. PICKING, Esq., Gettysburg, is the Company's Agent for Adams county. He will cheerfully furnish all information requested.

August 23, 1867. 3m

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO,

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons

TO USE.

VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

Speer's Port Grape Wine, Four Years Old.

THIS justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine.

Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine.

Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other wines.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

A. Speer's Vineyard, New Jersey. Office, 243 Broadway, New York.

August 30, 1867. 1y

KISSINGER & SHIREMAN,

NO. 2 WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.,

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS & CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS,

AND ALL KINDS OF

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Reikes & Schmidt.
Chickering & Son. Bradbury.
Knabe & Son. Gale & Son.

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED

COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR

ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounced them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a life time of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All Instruments warranted for five years.

BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17 1866. tf

Pacific Guano Company's

SOLUBLE

PACIFIC GUANO.

OFFICE OF GENERAL AGENCY 71 SOUTH STREET BALTIMORE, MD.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for Company.

THE very extended use of this Guano throughout the country renders it unnecessary to say more this season, than its *composition and quality* are precisely the same as that heretofore sold by us for the Company.

We have sold this Guano from the beginning under a regular system of rigid inspection, at an expense to the Company of many hundreds of dollars annually. This is done for the *protection* alike of the *consumer* and the *Company*, as it is manifest to all who understand the trade in fertilizers, that it cannot be safely conducted on any other principle. The importance and extent of the trade demands this protection.

We are prepared to exhibit Dr. A. Snowden Piggot's *certificate of inspection* for every cargo sold. Consumers must observe the name of JOHN S. REESE & Co. branded on the bags, none other genuine.

Aug. 23, 1867. 3m

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURER'S DEPOTS,

No. 27 North Front Street, Philadelphia,

AND

No. 95 South Street, Baltimore,

And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The SOMBRERO GUANO of which MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE is and always has been manufactured, and of which he has sole control in the United States,) contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The addition of ammonia gives it greater fertilizing value.

Over six years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Price $56 per ton of 2000 lbs. Discount to Dealers.

March 4, 1867. 9m

$3 00 TO $5 00 PER DAY.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE

GOLDEN PEN.

A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOT'S PEN.

THESE pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More *flexible* and *durable* than any steel pen manufactured. Will not corode. Send for sample box. Only 25 cents, or two boxes for 50 cents. No. 1 for general use. No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction. Address

M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.

POTTSVILLE, PA., July 15, 1867.

M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

Dear Sir:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price to Agents. Address:

REV. S. SIEGFRIED.

Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business houses.

Aug. 23, 1867. 3m

The Quaker City Business College,

CORNER FIFTH & CHESTNUT STREETS

PHILADELPHIA.

THE most complete and thoroughly appointed Commercial School in the Country.

Conducted upon the best system of Instruction, and offering advantages of the highest order in every Department.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN

who desire Success and Promotion in Business Life.

PRACTICAL EDUCATION FOR THE TIMES.

The Commercial Course embraces Book Keeping, Commercial Calculations, Penmanship, Correspondence, Business Forms, Customs of Trade, Commercial Law, The Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, &c. This Course may be completed in three months.

DIPLOMAS

Awarded to Graduates, under seal and by authority of law, this being a regularly INCORPORATED COLLEGE, and the only one with similar powers in the State, or in the United States.

OTHER BRANCHES,

Telegraphing, the Higher Mathematics, Engineering, Surveying and Navigation.

BOOK KEEPING.

In the Department of Accounts this Institution is wholly unrivalled. The Treatise on this subject, published by the Proprietor, is everywhere acknowledged to be the best and most complete work extant, and being composed almost exclusively of sets obtained from Actual Business, presents a course of instruction such as can be secured by no other system. Book for sale, and sent by mail to any address, upon receipt of price, $3 50.

YOUNG MEN

Invited to send for circulars, or visit the College for further information.

L. FAIRBANKS, A. M., President.
T. E. MERCHANT, Secretary.

July 29, 1867. 6m

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE firm of S. A. FOUTZ & BRO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. S. A. Foutz retiring, D. E. FOUTZ is hereby authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and will continue the business in his own name.

S. A. FOUTZ,
DAVID E. FOUTZ.

August 1, 1867.

I WILL continue in the WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE BUSINESS MANUFACTURING FOUTZ'S MEDICINES, at the old place, No. 116 Franklin street, under the name and style of DAVID E. FOUTZ.

Baltimore, Sept. 20, 1867. tf

GO to T. C. Norris' for your Clothing.

FOUTZ'S

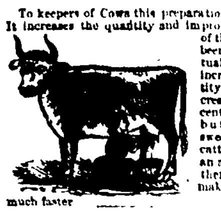
CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken down and low spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.



In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg, Laughlin & Bushfield, Wheeling, Va.; C. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg, Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.

David E. Foutz, Successor.

Dec. 17, 1866. 1y

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure!

THIS Great Remedy for all Diseases of the STOMACH, is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's Valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his health. It cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but chloroform.

The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourages us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure.

Physicians Endorse and Use It.

Ministers give Testimony of its Efficacy!

And from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.

DYSPEPSIA! It is sure to cure.

HEARTBURN! One dose will cure.

SICK-HEADACHE! It has cured in hundreds of cases.

HEADACHE AND DIZZINESS! It stops in thirty minutes.

ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH! It corrects at once.

RISING OF THE FOOD! It stops immediately.

DISTRESS AFTER EATING! One dose will remove.

CHOLERA MORBUS! Rapidly yields to a few doses.

BAD BREATH! Will be changed with half a bottle.

It is Perfectly Harmless!

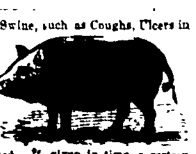
Its UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS is owing to the fact that IT CURES BY ASSISTING NATURE to reassert her sway in the system!

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
New Haven, Conn.

March 18, 1867. cowly

Poland's Magic Bilious Powders.



THIS PREPARATION is the discovery of Rev. J. W. Poland, formerly the Pastor of the Baptist Church in Goffstown, N. H., and a man dearly beloved by that denomination throughout New England. He was obliged to leave the pulpit and study medicine to save his own life, and his MAGIC POWDERS are one of the most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It is

The Great Liver and Bilious Remedy!

which completely throws in the shade all other discoveries in medicine; and it affords him much gratification that they receive the unanimous approbation of all who have tested them. The Magic Bilious Powders are a

Positive Cure for Liver Complaint!

in its most aggravated form, and an immediate corrector of all

BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS!

Excellent for HEADACHE,

CONSTIPATION,

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

SALLOW SKIN, DROWSINESS, DIZZINESS,

HEARTBURN, PALPITATION,

And a most wonderful

Cure and Preventive of Fever and Ague!

(We advise all who are troubled with this fearful malady to always keep the Powders on hand ready for immediate use.)

Here are a few important particulars:

1st.—They are the Great Specific for all Bilious Affections.

2nd.—They are the only known remedy that will cure Liver Complaint.

3d.—They are the only known remedy that will cure Constipation.

4th.—The Powders are so thorough in their operation that one package will be all that the majority of those using them will require to effect a cure.

5th.—They are a mild and pleasant yet the most effectual cathartic known.

6th.—They are the cheapest and best medicine extant, as they can be sent by mail to any part of the globe for the price, 50 cents.

Circulars, containing certificates, information, &c., sent to any part of the world free of charge.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, or by mail on application to

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
General Agents,
New Haven, Conn.

Price 50 Cents Per Box.

March 18, 1867. cowly

PELOUBET ORGANS

AND MELODIANS,

UNANIMOUSLY awarded the First Prize, a Gold Medal, "AS THE BEST CABINET ORGANS," American Institute, New York, October, 1865.

Being pronounced superior in QUALITY, POWER and VARIETY OF TONE, and in number of combinations.

"As the best instruments of America were there contending, whoever won the battle would have nothing left to conquer."—*American Art Journal*, edited by a well-known musical critic.)

They have also taken the first premium wherever exhibited this season.

PEDAL ORGANS, one, two and three banks of keys—six sizes—$250 to $1,500. Without pedals, single and double bank in great variety, $85 to $450. These Organs, with their smooth pipe-like quality of tone, beautiful solo stops, strength of chorus, unequalled pedals, and general organ-like effects, are superior for Churches, Halls, Parlors and Schools. They are put up in cases of solid Walnut, fancy veneered Walnut (new and unique styles,) and elegant Rosewood, of splendid designs and finish, and of the best workmanship—it being intended that each instrument shall be a model of its class. All instruments down to the five octave portable Melodeon, have the beautiful Tremulant stop, without extra charge.

A large assortment constantly on hand at our GENERAL WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WAREROOMS, 841 Broadway.

Our illustrated Circular and Price lists, with our new styles, are now ready. Send for a circular.

PELOUBET, PELTON & CO.,
Manufacturers, No. 841 Broadway,

April 8, 1867. New York City.

HAINES BRO'S. PIANOS.

THE PIANO OF AMERICA.

THESE Pianos are Universally acknowledged by competent judges equal to the best Pianos made. For references, they have many thousand city and country residents, including large numbers of the High schools, Seminaries, &c.

These Pianos have not only stood the continual use and heavy practice of one year, but have been used for [illegible] years to the utmost satisfaction [illegible].

They have taken PREMIUMS AND MEDALS WHEREVER EXHIBITED [illegible] the demand for these Pianos, that MESSRS. HAINES BRO'S. have been compelled to enlarge their works, to the extent of 25 to 30 PIANOS A WEEK.

Having now one of the most extensive and complete Factories in the United States, Factories alone covering ¾ of an acre of ground, comprising a frontage of 210 feet on 2nd Avenue.

They are undoubtedly the cheapest first-class Pianos in market. Fully guaranteed for 5 years. Send for illustrated Circular.

HAINES BRO'S.,
356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372,
Second Avenue, New York City.

April 8, 1867.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

HENRY W. OVERMAN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND

DEALER IN LEATHER,

No. 14 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Consignments solicited.

Dec. 10, 1866. 1y*

U. S. BONDS.

THE First National Bank of Gettysburg will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds; also 7-30 and Compounds Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 6, 1866. tf

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

FOR nice Prints, Checks, Ginghams, Muslins &c., go to ROW & WOODS'.